



Symphony for Brass and Percussion

ALFRED REED

INSTRUMENTATION

1 Conductor	1 1st Horn in F	1 1st Baritone
1 1st B $\flat$ Trumpet	1 2nd Horn in F	1 2nd Baritone
1 2nd B $\flat$ Trumpet	1 3rd Horn in F	1 1st Tuba
1 3rd B $\flat$ Trumpet	1 4th Horn in F	1 2nd Tuba
1 4th B $\flat$ Trumpet	1 1st Trombone	1 Timpani
1 1st B $\flat$ Cornet	1 2nd Trombone	1 Tom-Toms
1 2nd B $\flat$ Cornet	1 3rd Trombone	5 Percussion
	1 4th Trombone (Bass)	(Snare Drum, Bass Drum, Crash Cymbals, Suspended Cymbal, Woodblock, Bells, Xylophone, Vibraphone, Gong, Chimes)

ABOUT THE COMPOSER

A native of Manhattan, New York, Alfred Reed (1921–2005) was brought up in a musical family. His formal music education began at age 10. As a trumpet player, he was active as a professional musician at a very early age. He was educated at Baylor University and the Juilliard School of Music where he studied with Vittorio Giannini. His passion for band music grew while he was a member of the 529th Army Air Force Band during the second World War. Following the war, he began composing and arranging for radio, film and television, including NBC and ABC.

Alfred Reed has over 200 published works for band, orchestra, chorus and various chamber groups. Two of his most performed works are *Armenian Dances* and *Russian Christmas Music*, both of which are standard repertoire for concert bands and orchestras.

Following his retirement from the University of Miami, Dr. Reed remained active as a clinician and guest conductor globally.

PROGRAM NOTES

The *Symphony for Brass and Percussion*, originally completed in the summer 1952, received its first performance in December of that year at the College Band Directors National Association convention in Chicago, by member of the Oberlin Symphonic Band under the direction of Donald I. Moore, to whom the work is dedicated. It is the composer's second major work for the Wind-Brass-Percussion ensemble, following the *Russian Christmas Music*, and represents an attempt at exploring the possibilities for utilizing on brass and percussion sonorities in an extended piece.

The music is in three movements. The first opens with a broad introduction in which most of the thematic material of the movement is exposed. The allegro section takes the form of an intensive hard-driven march, but it is in triple rather than the usual duple time. The basic theme, already presented in the introduction, is treated with alternate quartal and tertial harmonies, although it is built mainly in fourths throughout. A quiet, almost chorale-like middle section follows the dying away of this first part, after which the original march-like theme returns and brings the first movement to an ending of great sonority.

(continued on next page)

The second movement, by contrast, is in three-part song form, beginning with a long, lyrical line in baritone, horn and tuba colorings, which is later taken up by the trumpets and trombones. The second part begins as a six-part fugato developing over a long pedal point in the timpani. This reaches a high climax which dies away in preparation for the return of the original theme. This is now heard in tuned percussion colors, finally to be taken up again by the original baritone, horn and tuba grouping, bringing the movement to a quiet close.

The third movement is a rondo built on Latin-American rhythms, with the percussion section augmented by three tom-toms, tuned to low, middle and high pitches. It begins with an undulating rhythmic background over which the tubas state a motive which rises higher and higher in register until it is caught up by full trumpets and trombones. This is developed with rhythmic alterations, then dies away, yielding to the second part, which consists of a long lyrical line in canon between the trumpets, set over an inner pedal point figure in the horns. A basso ostinato is sounded by baritone and tuba in octaves. The horns, first in two and then in four parts, take over this theme in turn, followed by trumpets and trombones returning to the first section and its hard-driving rhythms. A short, broadened version of the first theme forms the coda, bringing the movement, as well as the entire Symphony, to a powerful conclusion.

The music was originally scored for 4 Horns, 4 Trumpets, 4 Trombones, 2 Baritones, 1 Tuba and 5 Percussion players. In this revised edition, the instrumentation has been increased by 2 Cornets and a second Tuba. The version represents the composer's experience with the work during its first 15 years, giving performances under all conditions. The composer considers himself fortunate in having an opportunity to further deal with the problems of blending and balance under varying degrees of acoustical excellence, and with projecting happier solutions to these problems.

NOTES TO THE CONDUCTOR

This work has been conceived for one player to a part as far as blend and balance are concerned. However, the music can be performed by larger groups, such as the full brass section of a concert band, if care is taken to maintain the relative strengths of sonorities that would then result. For instance, the horn parts, if not doubled, would lack sufficient volume to match that of doubled (or tripled) trumpet, trombone, baritone and tuba parts. The resulting balances would be upset to a greater or lesser degree, depending on the nature of the specific passages involved. And it must rest within the taste and judgment of the conductor to resolve such problems. Of course, the idea of having two players to each part for alternation and relief throughout an extended work such as this is another matter altogether, and can be heartily recommended, especially with younger players.

Obviously, exact tempi and dynamic values must depend on the exact size of the group, and the indicated versions of both of these elements, especially the metronomic markings, must be regarded as approximations only. Then too, the acoustical conditions under which the performance will take place must also be taken into account, so that, even in the most complex passages, all of the elements will be heard clearly by the audience.

It should be noted that the cornets rarely play the same parts as the trumpets. They are the soprano voices of the conical brass family and are designed to support and blend with the horns and baritones rather than with the trumpets and trombones (cylindrical tone color). The conductor is respectfully urged, therefore, to have *real* cornets play these two parts, with the deeper, cup-shaped mouthpieces designed for these instruments, in order to achieve the separation of tone color and blending abilities demanded by the nature of the music they will play.

Attention is also called to the following specific passages in order to insure the thematic elements being heard as clearly as possible.

1. 3rd and 4th trombones and tubas in the last four measures of the first movement: Here the trumpets and percussion must come down in intensity *immediately* after their sforzando attacks and then build again, so that the low brass may be heard.
2. The opening theme of the third movement, which first appears in the deepest register of the tubas in measure 7 and continues for the next four bars: If the tubas cannot project the theme sufficiently without "blurring," they should then play in octaves instead of unison, with the 1st tuba playing an octave higher until the second note in measure 16.
3. In the third movement, the timpani passages, beginning 8 measures after rehearsal number 5, and continuing until 2 measures after rehearsal number 7, must be articulated clearly since they make thematic reference. If necessary, they should be played a little louder than indicated, with an immediate dampening of each group figure of four tones (or more, later on).

Careful attention to rhythmic precision, phrasing and dynamics will result in a brilliant, forceful performance of this exciting score, which demonstrates many of the possibilities inherent in the combination of brass and percussion instruments.

Total-17:00

Maestoso ($\text{♩} = 54$)

Horns in F

Cornets B $\flat$

Trumpets B $\flat$

Trombones

Baritones

Tubas

Timpani

Snare Drum

Percussion

Cymbals

Bass Drum

1st

2nd

molto sost.

f

sost.

Cyms. a2 l.v.

Waves Purchase

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for multiple instruments, including Horns (Hns.), Corsos (Cors.), Trumpets (Tpts.), Trombones (Trbs.), Baritone (Bars.), Tubas, Timpani (Timp.), Snare Drum (S.D.), and Cymbals (Cyms. B.D.). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'sost.' (sostenuto) and 'a2' (second attack). The score is divided into measures, and there are some markings like '1st' and '3rd' indicating different parts or attacks. The overall layout is typical of a professional musical score, with staves for each instrument and a common time signature.

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a brass band or orchestra. The score is written on multiple staves, each labeled with an instrument or section. The instruments listed are:

- Hns. (Horns)
- Cors. (Cornets)
- Tpts. (Trumpets)
- Trbs. (Trombones)
- Bars. (Baritone)
- Tubas (Tuba)
- Timp. (Snare Drum)
- S.D. (Cymbals)
- Cyms. B.D. (Bass Drum)

The score includes various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Key markings include:

- brassy* (written above the Horns and Cornets staves)
- mp* (mezzo-piano)
- p* (piano)
- pp* (pianissimo)
- ppp* (pianississimo)
- poco* (poco)
- sim.* (simile)
- S.D. Rim shots* (written above the Snare Drum staff)

A large, diagonal red watermark reading "Copyrighted Material" is overlaid across the entire page, indicating that the score is protected by copyright.

Allegro ma non troppo (♩=132)

brassy

brassy

marc.

marc.

marc.

1st

1st

Cyms. a2 l.v.

sempre marc.

sempre marc.

choke

1 2 3 4

Hns.

1 2 3 4

Cors.

1 2 3 4

Tpts.

1 2 3 4

Trbs.

1 2 3 4

Bars.

1 2 3 4

Tubas.

1 2 3 4

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms. S.D.

③

1
2
Hns.
3
4
Cors.
1
2
Tpts.
1
2
3
4
Trbs.
1
2
3
4
Bars.
1
2
Tubas
1
2
Timp.
S.D.
Cyms.
B.D.

2nd
3rd

sfz *mp*
sfz *mp*
sfz *p*
sfz *p*

Purchased

This musical score is for the song "The Rose Tree" and includes parts for the following instruments and voices:

- Hns.** (Horns): Two staves, 1 and 2.
- Cors.** (Cor Anglais): Two staves, 1 and 2.
- Tpts.** (Trumpets): Two staves, 1 and 2.
- Trbs.** (Trumpets): Two staves, 1 and 2.
- Bars.** (Baritone Saxophones): Two staves, 1 and 2.
- Tubas**: Two staves, 1 and 2.
- Timp.** (Timpani): One staff.
- S. D.** (Snare Drum): One staff.
- Cyms.** (Cymbals): One staff.
- B. D.** (Bass Drum): One staff.

The score is written in 2/4 time and features a variety of musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A large red watermark "Lead Sheet" is visible across the page.

A page of a musical score for a large orchestra, featuring staves for Horns, Corsos, Trumpets, Trombones, Baritone, Tubas, Timpani, Snare Drum, Cymbals, and Bass Drum. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'mp' and 'p'. A large red watermark 'Red Alert' is visible across the page.

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony or concert band. The score is written for a large ensemble, including Horns (Hns.), Corsos (Cors.), Trumpets (Tpts.), Trombones (Trbs.), Baritone (Bars.), Tubas, Timpani (Timp.), Snare Drum (S.D.), Cymbals (Cyms.), and Bass Drum (B.D.). The notation is complex, featuring various musical symbols, notes, and rests. A large red watermark, "Copyrighted Material," is overlaid diagonally across the page, indicating that the score is protected by copyright. The watermark also includes the text "Worshipful Music" and "Copyrighted Material" repeated in a circular pattern.

This image shows a page of a musical score, likely for a symphony or concert band. The score is written for a large ensemble, including the following instruments:

- Hns. (Horns)
- Cors. (Cori)
- Tpts. (Trumpets)
- Trbs. (Trumpets)
- Bars. (Baritone)
- Tubas
- Timp. (Timpani)
- S.D. (Snare Drum)
- Cym. (Cymbal)
- B.D. (Bass Drum)

The score is written in a standard musical notation, featuring various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A large red watermark "REVIEW COPY" is overlaid diagonally across the page. The page number "8" is visible in the top right corner.

⑨

Hns. *sfz* *pp*

Cors. 1 2 *mp* *3*

Tpts. *Str. mute* *f* *Str. mute* *3* *p*

Trbs. *mp* *3*

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp. *p*

S.D. *mp* *3*

Cyms. *Susp. Cym. (Timp stick)* *p* *l.v.*

B.D.

Hns.

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. *Cup mutes** *mp* *3* *p*

Trbs. *mp* *3* *pp* *1st Solo*

Bars. 1 2 *mp poco marc.* *1st*

Tubas *p*

Timp. *pp*

S.D. *p* *3*

Cyms. *Susp. Cym.* *pp* *l.v.*

B.D.

* If change cannot be affected cleanly, play both times with straight mutes.

10

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 2 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2 (1st)

Tubas 3 4 (1st)

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms. B.D.

poco *pp* *ppp* *ppp*

Lento (♩ = 69)

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms. B.D.

p *poco* *p* *mp* *mp*

This musical score is for the piece "The Swan" by Camille Saint-Saëns, specifically the section from measures 11 to 14. The score is written for a large orchestra and includes the following parts:

- Horns (Hns.):** Two staves (1 and 2) for each section. They play a melodic line starting in measure 11, marked *p* (piano) and *pp* (pianissimo).
- Corsairs (Cors.):** Two staves (1 and 2). They play a melodic line starting in measure 11, marked *p* and *pp*.
- Trumpets (Tpts.):** Four staves (1, 2, 3, 4). They play a melodic line starting in measure 11, marked *p* and *mp* (mezzo-piano).
- Trombones (Trbs.):** Four staves (1, 2, 3, 4). They play a melodic line starting in measure 11, marked *p* and *mp*.
- Bars:** Two staves (1 and 2). They play a melodic line starting in measure 11, marked *p* and *mp*.
- Tubas:** Two staves (1 and 2). They play a melodic line starting in measure 11, marked *p* and *mp*.
- Timpani (Timp.):** One staff. They play a melodic line starting in measure 11, marked *p* and *mp*.
- Bells:** One staff. They play a melodic line starting in measure 11, marked *p* and *mp*.
- Cymbals/Drum (Cyms. B.D.):** One staff. They play a melodic line starting in measure 11, marked *p* and *mp*.

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A large red watermark "IN PURCHASE" is visible across the score.

Musical score for "The Rose Tree" (March, 2/4 time). The score includes parts for the following instruments:

- Horns (Hns.): 1st and 2nd staves, playing a melodic line with dynamics *pp* and *mp*.
- Corsos (Cors.): 1st and 2nd staves, playing a supporting line with dynamics *mp* and *p*.
- Trumpets (Tpts.): 1st and 2nd staves, playing a melodic line with dynamics *mp* and *p*.
- Trombones (Trbs.): 1st and 2nd staves, playing a supporting line with dynamics *mp* and *p*.
- Bars (Bar.): 1st and 2nd staves, playing a supporting line with dynamics *mp* and *p*.
- Tubas (Tubas): 1st and 2nd staves, playing a supporting line with dynamics *mp* and *p*.
- Timpani (Timp.): 1st and 2nd staves, playing a supporting line with dynamics *mp* and *p*.
- Bells (Bells): 1st and 2nd staves, playing a supporting line with dynamics *mp* and *p*.
- Cymbals (Cyms.): 1st and 2nd staves, playing a supporting line with dynamics *mp* and *p*.
- B.D. (Bass Drum): 1st and 2nd staves, playing a supporting line with dynamics *mp* and *p*.

 The score includes dynamic markings such as *pp* (pianissimo), *mp* (mezzo-piano), *p* (piano), and *mf* (mezzo-forte). A large red watermark "Vine Music" is visible across the score.

A page from a musical score for Giuseppe Verdi's Requiem. The title "Allegro (♩ = 136)" and the number "13" are at the top. A large red watermark "Legal Requir" is diagonally across the page. The score includes parts for Horns (Hns.), Cor Anglais (Cors.), Trumpets (Tpts.), Trombones (Trbs.), Baritone (Bars.), Tubas, Timpani (Timp.), Snare Drum (S.D.), Cymbals (Cyms.), and Bass Drum (B.D.). The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. Dynamics include ppp, pp, and p. Performance instructions include "Crisply" and "hard mallets". A section labeled "2nd Solo" begins in the tuba part.

This is a musical score for a piece titled "The Rose Tree". The score is written for a large ensemble, including Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Cori), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), S.D. (Snare Drum), Cyms. (Cymbals), and B.D. (Bass Drum). The score is divided into two systems. The first system includes measures 1 through 14, and the second system includes measures 15 through 18. The music is in 3/4 time and features a variety of dynamics, including *pp* (pianissimo), *cresc.* (crescendo), *poco a poco*, *mp* (mezzo-piano), and *sempre cresc.* (always crescendo). The score also includes a large red watermark that reads "Preview Use Requires Purchase".

This image shows a page of a musical score for a large orchestra. The score is written for various instruments, including Horns (Hns.), Cor Anglais (Cors.), Trumpets (Tpts.), Trombones (Trbs.), Baritone (Bars.), Tubas, Timpani (Timp.), Snare Drum (S.D.), Cymbals (Cyms.), and Bass Drum (B.D.). The notation includes notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *molto sonore*. A large red watermark with the text "Legal Use" is overlaid diagonally across the page. The score is divided into two systems, with the second system starting at measure 16. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4.

16

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms. B.D.

a2

Solo 3

17

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms. B.D.

a2

3

1
2
Hns.
3
4
1
2
Cors.
1
2
Tpts.
1
2
3
4
Trbs.
1
2
3
4
Bars.
1
2
Tubas
1
2
Timp.
S.D.
Cyms.
B.D.

2nd
4th
1st
3rd
2nd
2nd f
mf
mf
choke
mf

17

18
1
2
Hns.
3
4
1
2
Cors.
1
2
Tpts.
1
2
3
4
Trbs.
1
2
3
4
Bars.
1
2
Tubas
1
2
Timp.
S.D.
Cyms.
B.D.

1st
2nd
3rd
1st
2nd
1st
2nd
a2

18

18

1 2 3 4

Hns.

2nd 1st

4th 2nd

1 2 3 4

Cors.

2nd 1st

3rd

1 2 3 4

Tpts.

3rd

1 2 3 4

Trbs.

mf

1 2 3 4

Bars.

1 2

1 2

Tubas

1 2

Timp.

S. D.

Cyms.

B. D.

19

1 2 3 4

Hns.

mf

1 2 3 4

Cors.

1st 2nd

3 marc.

1 2 3 4

Tpts.

mf

1 2 3 4

Trbs.

1 2 3 4

Bars.

1 2

1st 2nd

1 2

Tubas

1 2

Timp.

S. D.

Cyms.

B. D.

Solo

19

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

S. D.

Cyms. B. D.

20

20

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

S. D.

Cyms. B. D.

Largo (♩ = 50)

Horns in F

Cornets B♭

Trumpets B♭

Trombones

Baritone 1st *sost. e espr.* *p*

Tuba 2nd *p*

Timpani

Percussion

Horns 1st *Solo* *p* *mp*

Cornets 2nd *p*

Trumpets 3rd *mp*

Trombones

Baritone 2nd *pp*

Tuba 2nd *pp*

Timpani

Percussion

This is a page of a musical score for a large orchestra. The score is written for the following instruments: Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Corianders), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), S.D. (Soprano Drum), and Ch. (Chimes). The score includes various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *mp*, *p*, *pp*, *mf*, and *f*. Performance instructions like "Cup mute", "Soli", and "Chimes l.v." are also present. A large red watermark "Legal Use Requires Purchase" is overlaid diagonally across the page.

[illegible]

This is a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for multiple instruments, each with its own staff. The instruments listed on the left are:

- Hns. (Horns)
- Cors. (Cor Anglais)
- Tpts. (Trumpets)
- Trbs. (Trumpets)
- Bars. (Baritone Saxophones)
- Tubas
- Timp. (Timpani)
- Gng. (Gong)
- B.D. (Bass Drum)

The score is divided into measures, with bar lines indicating the end of each measure. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Key markings include:

- ord.** (Ordinary)
- stopped**
- a2 +** (Second octave plus)
- sfz** (Sforzando)
- f** (Fortissimo)
- mp** (Mezzo-piano)
- marc. e sost.** (Marcato e sostenuto)
- Gong**

The score is written in a standard musical notation, with notes and rests on a five-line staff. The key signature and time signature are not explicitly shown, but the notation suggests a common time signature.

④ **Poco rit.** **Un poco più mosso**

Hns. 1 2 3 4 *p* *Soli a2* *p*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4 *p* *Solo*

Trbs. 1 2 3 4 *pp*

Bars. 1 2 *1st* *pp* *p* *pp*

Tubas. 1 2 *p* *pp*

Timp. *pp*

S. D.

B. D.

⑤

Hns. 1 2 3 4 *p* *sempre p e sost.* *a2* *p cresc. poco a poco*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4 *2nd* *p Solo* *3rd* *p Solo* *cresc. poco a poco*

Trbs. 1 2 3 4 *3rd* *pp* *2nd* *pp* *3rd* *pp*

Bars. 1 2

Tubas. 1 2

Timp. *sempre pp*

S. D.

B. D.

1 2
Hns. *a2* *Soli* *mp* *cresc. poco a poco* *a2*

3 4
mp

1 2
Cors. *mp* *Solo* *cresc. poco a poco*

1 2
Tpts. *mp* *cresc.* *3rd mp*

3 4
p

1 2
Trbs. *Solo* *mp* *cresc. poco a poco* *2nd Solo*

3 4
mp

1 2
Tubas *mp*

Timp. *mp*

S. D.

B. D.

1 2
Hns. *mf* *cresc.* *a2* *mf* *cresc.*

3 4
mf *cresc.*

1 2
Cors. *mp* *a2* *mf*

1 2
Tpts. *mp* *cresc.* *mf* *cresc.*

3 4
1st mp *2nd p* *cresc.* *4th p* *cresc.*

1 2
Trbs. *1st mp* *2nd p* *cresc.* *4th p* *cresc.*

3 4
1st p *cresc.* *mp*

1 2
Tubas *cresc. poco a poco* *1st p* *cresc.* *mp*

Timp. *cresc. poco a poco*

Bells *cresc.*

Ch. *mf*

This image shows a page of a musical score for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for the following instruments: Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Cori), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), Bells, and B.D. (Timp. sticks). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'marc.' and 'sost.'. A large red watermark 'Copyrighted Material' is overlaid on the page.

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a large orchestra or concert band. The score is written for multiple staves, each representing a different instrument or section. The instruments listed on the left are: Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Corianders), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), Vibr. Bells (Vibraphone Bells), Ch. (Chimes), and B.D. (Bass Drum). The score includes various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *pp* (pianissimo) and *pp* (pianissimo). Performance instructions like *Rit.* (Ritardando) and *Tempo I* (♩ = 50) are present. A large red watermark reading "Purchased" is overlaid diagonally across the page.

This musical score is for the song "The Rose Tree" and includes parts for various instruments and a vocal solo. The instruments listed on the left are:

- Hns. (Horns) - 1, 2, 3, 4
- Cors. (Cor Anglais) - 1, 2
- Tpts. (Trumpets) - 1, 2, 3, 4
- Trbs. (Trumpets) - 1, 2, 3, 4
- Bars. (Baritone Saxophones) - 1, 2
- Tubas - 1, 2
- Timp. (Timpani)
- Vibr. Bells (Vibraphone Bells)
- Ch. Gng. (Chinese Gong)

The score is marked with a large red watermark "Legal Use Required". The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes a vocal solo part for the first voice (1st) starting in the final measure, marked with a *p* (piano) dynamic. The instrumental parts for the Tpts. and Vibr. Bells include markings for *ppp* (pianissimo) and *mp* (mezzo-piano). The Ch. Gng. part includes a marking for *p l.v.* (piano, left voice). The score is numbered 8 in the top center.

28

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

Vibr. Bells

Ch.

mp *p* *3rd* *mp* *p* *1st* *pp* *1st* *p* *2nd* *p* *pp*

9

IN PURCHASE

[illegible]

III

29

Con moto (♩=104) (112-116, if possible)

1 2 3 4

Horns
F

1 2

Cornets
B♭

1 2 3 4

Trumpets
B♭

1 2 3 4

Trombones

1 2

Baritones

1 2

Tubas

Timpani

3 Tom-toms
Low Mid. High

soft mallets

pp

hard mallets

pp

Susp. Cym.
(hard stick)

pp

Wood block
(hard stick)

pp

W-b.

Bass Drum

1 2 3 4

Hns.

1 2

Cors.

1 2 3 4

Tpts.

1 2 3 4

Trbs.

1 2

Bars.

1 2

Tubas

a2- Soli

p

poco

1st optional

pp

p

p

cresc. poco a poco

cresc. poco a poco

cresc. poco a poco

S.Cym.

W. b.

B. D.

1 2
Hns. 3 4
Cors. 1 2
Tpts. 1 2 3 4
Trbs. 1 2 3 4
Bars. 1 2
Tubas 1 2
Timp.
T.T.
Cym.
B.D.

1 2
Hns. 3 4
Cors. 1 2
Tpts. 1 2 3 4
Trbs. 1 2 3 4
Bars. 1 2
Tubas 1 2
Timp.
T.T.
Cym.
B.D.

mp f sf sfz

gliss. a2 3

Legal Use Required

32

1 2
Hns. (a2) 3 4

1 2
Cors. a2 3 4

1 2
Tpts. (a2) 3 4

1 2
Trbs. *sim.* 3 4

1 2
Bars. *sim.* 3 4

1 2
Tubas. 3 4

1 2
Timp. *a2 f* 3 4

1 2
T. T. *piu f* 3 4

1 2
Cym. *mp* 3 4

1 2
B.D. *mp* 3 4

1 2
Hns. *sim.* 3 4

1 2
Cors. *sim.* 3 4

1 2
Tpts. 3 4

1 2
Trbs. *ff* 3 4

1 2
Bars. *ff* 3 4

1 2
Tubas. *ff* 3 4

1 2
Timp. *ff* 3 4

1 2
T. T. *ff* 3 4

1 2
Cym. *ff* 3 4

1 2
B.D. *ff* 3 4

4

PREVIEW ONLY

This page contains musical notation for various instruments, including Hns., Cors., Tpts., Trbs., Bars., Tubas, Timp., T.T., Cym., B.D., and Solo. The notation includes staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *dim.*, *poco*, *a*, *pp*, and *Solo*. A large red watermark "Preview Only" is overlaid diagonally across the page.

Muted

⑥

Hns. Muted 3rd *mp* *mfz*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. Str. mute *p* *mfz*
3rd *p* *mfz*

Trbs. 1st *mpz*

Bars. 1st Solo *mp*

Tubas. (1st) *mpz* *p* *mpz*

Timp. *p* *p*

T.T.

B.D.

Hns. *mfz* *p* *mfz* *f* *mp* *p*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. *mfz* *a2* Str. mute *mfz* 1st *mfz* 3rd *mfz*

Trbs. *p*

Bars. 1 2

Tubas. 1 2

Timp. *p* *mp* *p*

T.T.

Xyl. Xylophone *mfz*

⑦

Hns. 1 2 *p* *a2* *p*

Cors. 1 2 *p* *a2* *p*

Tpts. 1 2 *sfz* *pp* Solo 3rd *pp*

Trbs. 1 2 *pp*

Bars. 1 2 *pp* 2nd *pp* 1st *pp*

Tubas 1 2 *pp*

Timp. (strike wooden handles of drum sticks against each other) *p*

T. T. *p*

Xyl. *sfz*

B. D. *pp* Bells *p* l.v. B. D.

⑧

Hns. 1 2 *sempre p* *a2*

Cors. 1 2 *sempre p*

Tpts. 1 2 *pp* Solo 1st *p* *mf*

Trbs. 1 2 *pp*

Bars. 1 2 *sempre pp*

Tubas 1 2 *sempre pp*

Timp. *sempre p*

T. T. *sempre p*

Bells *p* l.v. B. D. *sempre p*

1 2 3 4

Hns.

a2

sempre *p*

1 2

Cors.

1 2 3 4

Tpts.

a2 Soli *mp*

1 2 3 4

Trbs.

1 2

Bars.

1 2

Tubas

Timp.

T. T.

Bells

B.D.

B.D.

Bells *p*

B.D.

1 2 3 4

Hns.

a2

2nd *p*

1 2

Cors.

1 2 3 4

Tpts.

3

1 2 3 4

Trbs.

1 2

Bars.

1 2

Tubas

Timp.

T. T.

B.D.

9

a2

mp

1
2
Hns. *mfz*

3
4
mfz Open Soli *p* *mp*

1
2
Cors. 2

1
2
Tpts. *(a2)* *p* *pp*

3
4
(a2) *p* *pp*

1
2
Trbs. *pp* *sempre pp*

3
4

1
2
Bars. *mfz*

1
2
Tubas *mfz* soft mallets

Timp. *pp*

T.T. *pp*

Bells *mf*

Xyl. *mf*

B.D. *mf*

10

1
2
Hns. *mf* *sempre pp*

3
4

1
2
Cors. 2

1
2
Tpts. *mf* *sempre pp*

3
4

1
2
Trbs. *mf* *sempre pp*

3
4

1
2
Bars. *mf* *sempre pp*

1
2
Tubas *mf* *sempre pp*

Timp. *mf* *sempre pp*

T.T. *mf* *sempre pp*

Bells *mf* *sempre pp*

Xyl. *mf* *sempre pp*

Open 1st *mp* *mf* (11)

Hns. 1 2 3 4 *mf* Open

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4 *p* Solo 4th *mf*

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2 1st *p* *mp* 2nd *p*

Tubas 1 2 *p*

Timp. *poco meno p*

T.T. *poco meno p*

Bells *f*

Xyl. *f*

Legal Use Requires Purchase

12

Hns. 1 2 3 4 *pp*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4 *f* *Open a2* *p*

Trbs. 1 2 3 4 *p*

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp. *f marc.*

T.T. *f marc.*

Bells *f marc.*

Xyl. *f marc.*

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4 *p*

Trbs. 1 2 3 4 *p*

Bars. 1 2 *p*

Tubas 1 2 *a2* *p*

Timp. *p* *cresc. poco a poco*

T.T. *p* *cresc. poco a poco*

Bells *p* *cresc. poco a poco*

Xyl. *Solo* *p* *f* *cresc. poco a poco*

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for multiple instruments, including Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Cori), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), T.T. (Tutti), Xyl. (Xylophone), and B.D. (Bass Drum). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'f' (forte) and 'a2' (second octave). A large red watermark reading 'Legal Use Only' is overlaid diagonally across the page.

14

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

T.T.

Xyl.

B.D.

sim.

brassy a2

Susp. Cym. (Timp stick)

1 2
Hns. *sim.*

3 4
sim.

1 2
Cors. *sim.*

1 2
Tpts.

3 4

1 2
Trbs. *a2*

3 4 *a2*

1 2
Bars. *sim.*

1 2
Tubas

Timp.

T.T.

Cym.
B.D.

1 2
Hns.

3 4

1 2
Cors. *a2*

1 2
Tpts. *mp*

3 4 *mp*

1 2
Trbs.

3 4

1 2
Bars. *a2* *f* *Soli*

1 2
Tubas *a2* *f* *Soli*

Timp.

T.T.

Cym.
Gong
B.D.

mp

Gong

p

16

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

T.T.

Cym. Gong B.D.

Poco meno mosso

allargando *al fine*

Bells up a2

brassy

Susp. Cym.

choke

f *ff* *mf* *mp* *p*

The musical score for page 43 is a complex orchestral arrangement for brass and percussion. It begins with a section marked 'Poco meno mosso' and 'allargando al fine'. The brass section, including Horns, Cornets, Trumpets, Trombones, Baritone, and Tubas, plays a melodic line with various dynamics and articulations. The percussion section, including Timpani, Tom-Toms, Cymbals, Gong, and Bass Drum, provides a rhythmic foundation. The score includes a variety of musical notations, such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A large red watermark 'Preview - Purchase' is overlaid on the score.

Preview Only
Legal Use Requires Purchase

Preview Only
Legal Use Requires Purchase

Preview Only
Legal Use Requires Purchase