

INSTRUMENTATION

Conductor

1st El Alto Saxophone

2nd El Alto Saxophone

1st Bl Tenor Saxophone

2nd Bl Tenor Saxophone

El Baritone Saxophone

1st Bl Trumpet

2nd Bl Trumpet

3rd Bl Trumpet

4th Bl Trumpet

1st Trombone
2nd Trombone
3rd Trombone
4th Trombone
Guitar Chords
Guitar
Piano
Bass

Drums

Optional Alternate Parts

C Flute
Tuba
Horn in F (Doubles 1st Trombone)
1st Baritone T.C. (Doubles 1st Trombone)
2nd Baritone T.C. (Doubles 2nd Trombone)
3rd Baritone T.C. (Doubles 3rd Trombone)





NOTES TO THE CONDUCTOR

Pecking Order is the latest of my "poultry" influenced funk charts. For this one, try thinking a little more James Brown and a little less Jaco Pastorius and Tower of Power. Be careful not to let the tempo get too fast. Let the groove lay back and relax. As with all charts, pay close attention to the articulations to capture the composer's ideas and feel accurately.

There is a notation for guitar to use distortion at measure 4. This should not be a crunching, metal-shred sound, but something a little lighter and smooth.

Measure 13 has a three time (3x) repeat, with each horn section coming in on the repeats (this is the pecking order idea). Trombones start out and should play with energy through each four-measure phrase, avoid letting the long notes just sit there. Saxes and trumpets should not have a problem with covering up the bone melody, but be sure to have balance between all three parts. The repeated sixteenth note figure in the trumpets in measure 13 is used throughout the chart. Direct the players not over-articulate this or it will drag—keep it light and don't play too loud.

The saxophone break at measure 37 should be played with energy so that it will cut through the loud band parts on either side of the break. You will notice the chart has a lot of flexibility for solos. It is written with alto or tenor for the first solo and trombone or trumpet for the second solo. Specify who is to solo.

Caution the band about the solo section because it has an unusual repeat. The second solo begins in the last four measures of the first ending. This was necessary because of the full band hits in measures 37 and 38. The solo lengths will feel natural though, because they follow the form of the original tune, 24 measures of C7 sharp-9 and then the "B" section. An option for stretching the tune is to play measures 42–45 as an open "vamp" for each soloist. Then cue the backgrounds at 46 and continue the chart as written. Also, you could also have more than two soloists by repeating the first ending again for a third (and even fourth) solo.

The bass has solo breaks at section 77. These should not be thought of as melodic solo breaks, but more rhythmic ideas. As a bassist myself, I strongly discourage the use of slap on these breaks because it does not fit the style of this tune. I mention this because I truly know how fun and popular that style is with bass players.

Measure 102 is a repeat of the original melody at section 13. Repeat 3x with each section added as repeated. Measure 110 is the fourth repeat of this section with added guitar solo over the top of the full band. Let him or her go crazy here...the more the better. Higher, louder and faster! If the band does not have a guitarist, there are several options. You could skip 110 altogether, proceeding from the end of measure 109 directly to measure 118. You could let your first soloist or second soloist solo blow here over the C7 sharp-9 groove or you could have both soloist play. Another option is to just repeat the fourth time without a solo, making sure to crank up the volume and intensity a notch. Any of these will work. Most of all just have fun and enjoy the groove!

-Kris Berg







Kris Berg is active as a clinician/artist for Yamaha and is the director of jazz studies program at Collin College, Dallas, Texas. A superb arranger, Kris's charts have sold thousands world-wide. Kris received both his bachelor's and master's degrees in jazz studies from the University of North Texas, where he directed jazz ensembles and taught big band arranging.

DRUMS

Commissioned by The Lake Highlands High School Jazz Band, Chris Evetts, Director 26879 **PECKING ORDER** FUNK 3 = 116 1ST E ALTO SAXOPHONE 2ND E ALTO SAXOPHONE 15T B) TENOR SAXOPHONE 2NO 8 TENOR SAXOPHONE E BARITONE SAXOPHONE 15T 8 TEUMPET 2NO 86 TRUMPET 320 8 TEUMPET 4TH 8 TEUMPET 15T TROMBONE 2NO TROMBONE 320 TROMBONE 4TH TROMBONE CLEAN SOUND (17(#9) (W/DISTORTION) GUITAR PIANO C7(#9) ELECTRIC BASS

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