

Effective Etudes For Jazz

by Mike Carubia and Jeff Jarvis



MP3 Recordings (with and without soloist)
can be downloaded for free at kendormusic.com

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Introduction

Our daily environment normally exposes us to a wide variety of non-jazz music, which explains why developing musicians render less convincing performances of swing jazz music than when playing rock or Latin styles. Many musical styles require players to perceive rhythms exactly as they appear, whereas the attack, duration, and rhythmic placement of the notes against the pulse vary from player to player when performing swing style jazz. *Effective Etudes For Jazz* is designed to develop and improve jazz conception, particularly in the swing idiom. Once familiar with the various interpretations, your preferences will emerge, thus defining your own unique style.

Dictionaries define an etude as a musical work composed for the development of a specific point of technique, but also performed because of its artistic merit. *Effective Etudes For Jazz* not only bears out that definition, but it provides well-written material for a broad variety of applications:

- *Effective Etudes For Jazz* provides ideal material for jazz honors band auditions. Students can be evaluated for both concept and improvisation (chord symbols are provided) using the etudes and the corresponding accompaniment recordings. Guitarists, pianists, and bassists can also practice or be evaluated on their comping skills using the play-along recordings.
- *Effective Etudes For Jazz* provides performance worthy music for jazz solo competitions, evaluation festivals, and recitals - most of which allow the use of recordings in lieu of an accompanist.
- *Effective Etudes For Jazz* helps the aspiring jazz soloist learn to improvise. Annotations beneath the staves identify phrases and patterns common to the jazz language. Chord Reference Charts at the top of each page show the notes found in every chord of the etude.

- *Effective Etudes For Jazz* is a collection of etudes based on the chord changes to popular standards. Players will learn to interpret and improvise over the chord progressions of songs that jazz musicians should know.

- *Effective Etudes For Jazz* accompaniment recordings allow students to perform the original melody (not included) of the standard tunes on which the etudes are based.

- *Effective Etudes For Jazz* is perfect for group lessons since any combination of solo instruments can perform etudes simultaneously with or without the accompaniment recordings.

- *Effective Etudes For Jazz* allows players to perform nearly any combination of the above uses with the accompaniment MP3's. For instance, the user can play the etude for a chorus, then improvise during the next chorus, and so on. The possibilities are endless.

How To Use This Book

The etudes are presented sequentially, progressing from accessible to challenging. For best results:

- Use a metronome when learning the etudes.
- Set the speed to a realistic tempo to minimize frustration, even if it's slower than the suggested metronome marking.
- Learn the articulations and nuances concurrently with the actual notes.

Learning the notes first and attempting to apply musicality later can prove ineffective, as the memory is likely to be imprinted with a bland, lifeless interpretation. *Effective Etudes For Jazz* assists in the quest to assimilate the jazz language by providing frequent articulations on the more accessible etudes. In the intermediate and advanced etudes, obvious articulations have been purposely omitted so as to minimize visual distraction for musicians able to interpret the style without assistance.

Next...

- Listen to the MP3's to hear how the professional solo artist and rhythm section perform the etude.
- Compare their interpretation with yours. Play along with the recording, matching the soloist's rendering of each etude.
- Now practice with the MP3's containing the rhythm section accompaniment without the soloist, applying what you've heard to your performance.

Swing Articulation

As you listen to the etudes played by the professional jazz musicians on the accompanying recording, notice the connected legato treatment of the swing eighth note figures and lines.

Novice jazz players often try too hard to swing. This is especially true at faster tempos where the triplet subdivisions of the swing eighth note dissolve into a "straight eighth note feel". You may wonder - How can music swing if the eighth notes are interpreted in a straight manner? This is accomplished through strategic placement of accents. But which notes receive extra emphasis when playing in the swing style? Here are some helpful tips:

- Accent the top note of each ascending line.
- Accent the top note when there's an interval leap.
- Accent anticipations into the next measure, such as an eighth note tied over the bar line.
- Accent the third note of eighth note triplets. When playing a stand-alone triplet, accent the first and third notes.
- Notes that appear before accented notes of longer value should be under-emphasized, giving the impression of more energy and weight to the accented note.

- Never precede a long note with a short one in the swing idiom.

The contour of the line is also used to arrive at good phrasing. In addition to connecting the swing eighths and strategically placing accents on upper notes, crescendo while ascending and decrescendo during the descent. This will "shape" the phrases, thus adding musicality to your performance.

Improvising

Learning to play etudes in the jazz style will improve your jazz conception and help you learn to improvise. These etudes have been composed using the same jazz language used during improvised solos. Maximize the benefits of this collection by performing the etudes verbatim and improvising your own ideas over the chord progressions that appear above the staves. To get started, make slight changes to the original melody by adding grace notes, scoops, bends and other ornaments. This is called melodic embellishment, a stepping stone to creating your own ad lib solos. You can also incorporate some of the written figures from the etudes into your improvised solos. Another device is to make references to the melody of another song during ad lib solos. This crowd-pleasing technique is known as "quoting", a common practice of experienced improvisers.

Whether interpreting notated jazz music or improvising, imitation and assimilation are vital components of the learning process. Improvisation is essentially composition, except the player has less time to arrive at good ideas. Since composing and improvising are close relatives, similar devices are used to navigate chord progressions. These commonly-used sequences and patterns, also known as licks and clichés, appear frequently in *Effective Etudes For Jazz* to help you recognize, understand, and use them when improvising. Learning these devices in all keys will speed your mastery of the jazz language.

Annotations

Of the many key ingredients that constitute a good solo, some are not practical or even possible to study, such as innate talent, early exposure to certain musical styles, personality, mood, point of view, and instrumental ability. However, compositional devices of a theoretical nature can be analyzed and studied. Unlike other jazz etude collections, *Effective Etudes For Jazz* advances jazz conception by providing annotations beneath the staves that will help you build and expand your jazz vocabulary as you discover exactly how jazz phrases are constructed and how they relate to the corresponding chords. Here is a guide to the abbreviations used in the annotations, along with explanations:

- **Melody** - references to the song's melody
- **Arp.** - use of chord arpeggios and their variations
- **Scale** - use of an appropriate scale or scale fragment
- **Root, 3, 5, 7, 9, etc.** - movement toward chord tones when crossing a bar line
- **Cliché** - use of memorized and/or commonly used phrase or lick
- **Motif** - use and development of melodic and rhythmic motives (short ideas used repeatedly for effect).

The next set of abbreviations denote the use of non-harmonic tones, or notes of short duration that do not interfere with the corresponding chords:

- **CAT** - chromatic approach tone
- **UN** - upper neighbor tone
- **LN** - lower neighbor tone
- **PT** - passing tone
- **BN** - blue note

Annotations that do not appear in the legend are specific and not abbreviated.

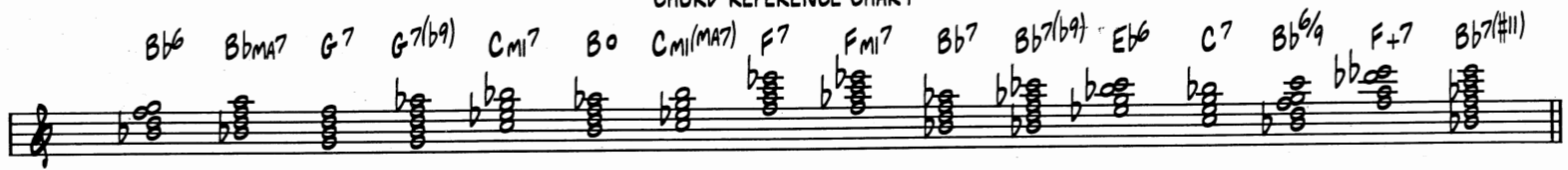
Chord Reference Chart

Motivated students will want to learn more about the chord symbols above the staves. A chord reference chart above each title identifies the chord tones of every chord symbol in the etude. For this reason each chord has been voiced tertially (in thirds), starting at the root. *These configurations are provided for chord tone analysis, not to demonstrate the most sonically pleasing voicings and/or ranges.* Chord reference charts do not appear in the piano book since left hand voicings for all chords appear in the bass clef staff.

Conclusion

Effective Etudes For Jazz covers many theoretical, visual, and aural aspects of learning to interpret and improvise jazz music. But don't stop here! There is an ocean of great jazz recordings that will inspire you to even greater heights of proficiency and understanding. Take advantage of every opportunity to listen to performances by accomplished jazz artists - known or unknown, recorded or live. This never-ending educational process will contribute to your success as a musician and your enjoyment of jazz. We wish you every success in both endeavors.

CHORD REFERENCE CHART



CD Tracks 2/20

Keep Smilin'

by Mike Carubia

SWING ♩ = 120

Sheet music for "Keep Smilin'" by Mike Carubia, SWING, 120 BPM. The music is written in 4/4 time and features various chords and melodic lines. A large "Preview Only" watermark is overlaid on the page.

Chords and markings include:

- Bb6, Bbma7, G7, G7(b9), Cm7, B0, Cm7(MA7), F7, Fm7, Bb7, Bb7(b9), Eb6, C7, Bb6/9, F+7, Bb7(#11)
- Scale, Cliché (Arp.), Arp., CAT, LN, Root, Sequence of bar 17, CAT, Arp., LN, Chromatic to 3, Blue note, CMI Scale, CAT, 3

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

Chord reference chart showing various chords and their corresponding notes on a staff:

- $E\flat 6$
- $E\flat m16$
- $B\flat m7$
- C^9
- $C m1^9$
- F^9
- $B\flat 6$
- $B\flat o$
- $C m1^7$
- $B\flat 9$
- A^9
- $A\flat 9$
- G^9

CD Tracks 3/21

Moonmen

by Mike Carubia

SWING $\text{♩} = 104$

Musical score for "Moonmen" by Mike Carubia, featuring various musical notations and chord changes.

Key musical elements and annotations include:

- Chord Progressions:** $E\flat 6$, $E\flat m16$, $B\flat m7$, C^9 , $C m1^9$, F^9 , $B\flat 6$, $B\flat o$, $C m1^7$, $B\flat 9$, A^9 , $A\flat 9$, G^9 .
- Measure Markers:** 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29.
- Performance Techniques:** Arp., Scale, Sequence, Chord tones, Cliché, Chromatic to 7, Blue notes, Blues scale.
- Formal Elements:** CAT, UN, 3, 6(13).

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

Chord reference chart showing various chords and their corresponding notes on a staff:

- Fm7
- F+7(b9)
- Bbm7
- Db9
- C9
- C+7
- Fm6
- Bb13

CD Tracks 4/22

Minor Is Finer

by Mike Carubia

SWING J = 108

Musical score for "Minor Is Finer" by Mike Carubia, Swing tempo (J = 108).

The score is divided into sections with various musical notations and chord changes:

- Section 1 (Measures 1-4):** Chord and scale notes, Motif variation.
- Section 2 (Measures 5-8):** Sequence of measures 1 and 2, Motif repetition.
- Section 3 (Measures 9-12):** Chord tones, Motif repetition.
- Section 4 (Measures 13-16):** Chromatic approach tones (CAT) to chord tones.
- Section 5 (Measures 17-20):** Scale Fm7, Cliché.
- Section 6 (Measures 21-24):** Chord tones, Scale, Arp.
- Section 7 (Measures 25-28):** Scales with LN, Arp.
- Section 8 (Measures 29-32):** Bbm7 scale, LN, CAT, Blues scale.
- Section 9 (Measures 33-36):** Fm7, C+7, Bb13.

Chord changes and scale notations are indicated throughout the score.

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

CD Tracks 5/23

Baggage Claim Blues

by Jeff Jarvis

SWING ♩ = 132

1 Scale tones (motif) 7 Chord tones Scale BN

5 Scale motif ----- Repeated----- CAT 5 CAT 3

9 3 Arp.----- 9--11 Root 3

2ND CHORUS

13 Recurring motif Scale tones Scale tones BN

17 3 3 5 CAT 3 5 Arp.-----

21 Chord tones Motif----- BN----- Repeat of motif-----

3RD CHORUS

Handwritten notation for the 3rd Chorus, measures 25-28. Chords: Bb7, Eb7, Bb7. Annotations: "2 note motif (sequences)" and "Scale LN Arp".

Handwritten notation for measures 29-32. Chords: Eb7, Bb7, Ab7, G7. Annotations: "3 Variation of m.5 and 6", "CAT", "5 3", "CAT", "Chord tones".

Handwritten notation for measures 33-36. Chords: Cm17, F7, Bb7, Cm17, F7. Annotations: "CAT Scales", "CAT", "Scale tones", "CAT", "Blues lick".

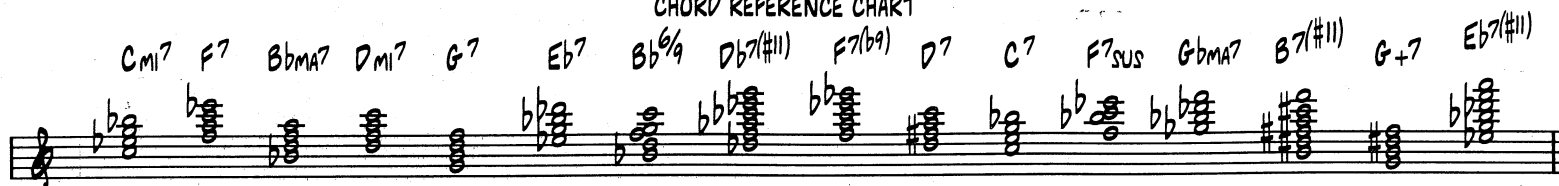
4TH CHORUS

Handwritten notation for measures 37-40. Chords: Bb7, Eb7, Bb7. Annotations: "5 note motif", "Repeated", "Varied", "CAT 3", "Blues scale", "CAT".

Handwritten notation for measures 41-44. Chords: Eb7, Bb7, Cm17, Dm17, G7(b9). Annotations: "3", "Chord PT Chord", "3", "Cliché".

Handwritten notation for measures 45-48. Chords: Cm17, F+7, Bb7, G+7, Cm17, Bb7(#11). Annotations: "3", "Chord tones", "BN Scale", "Root", "#11".

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

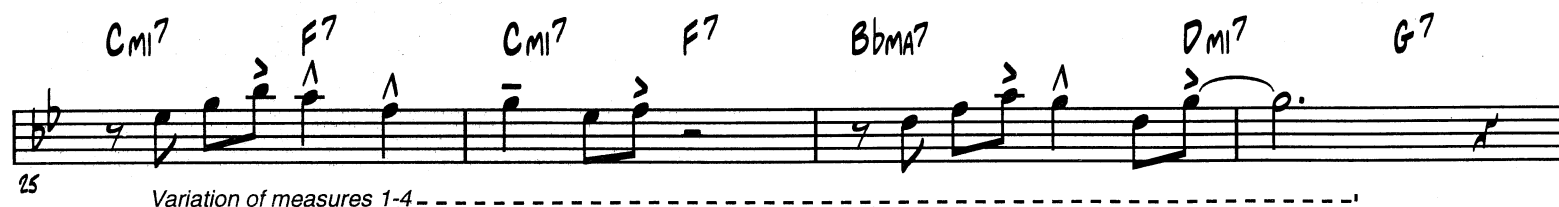
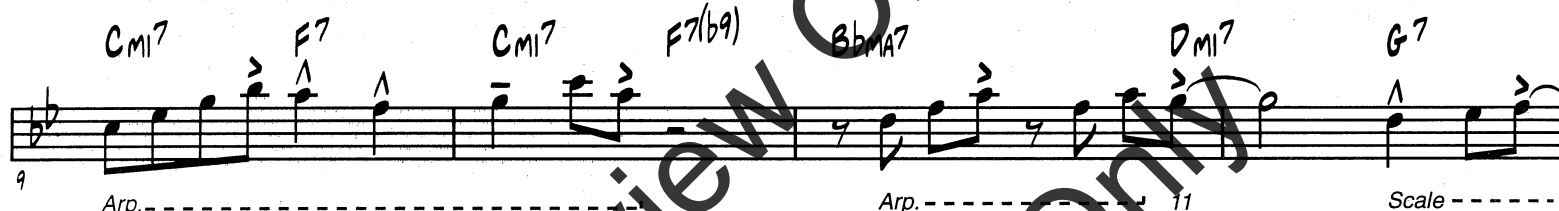
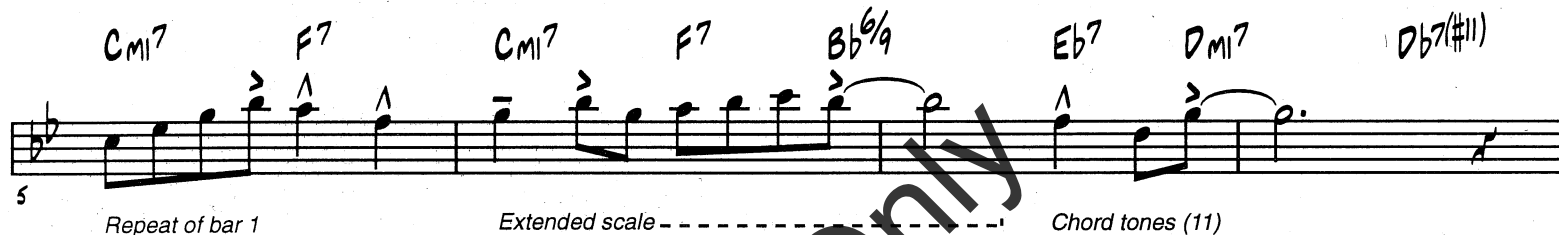
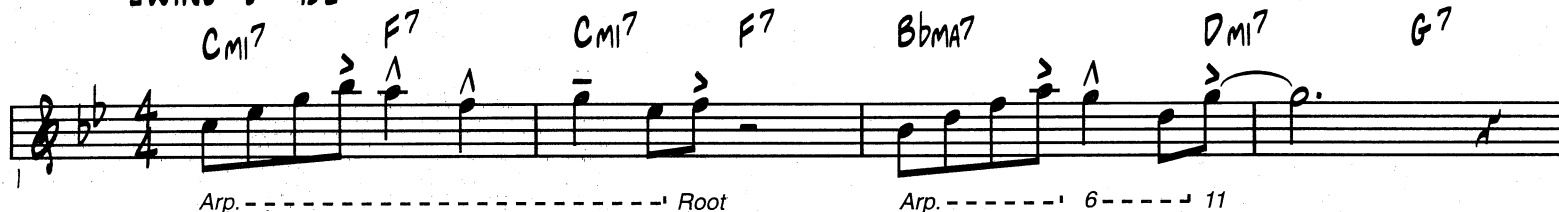


CD Tracks 6/24

Dido

by Jeff Jarvis

SWING ♩ = 132



29 *Arp.* *Melodic and rhythmic motif*

Chords: Cmi7, F7, Cmi7, F7, Bb6/9, Eb7, Dmi7, Db7(#11)

33 *Chord tones* *Sequence*

2ND CHORUS

Chords: Cmi7, F7, Cmi7, F7, Bbma7, Eb7, Dmi7, G7

37 *Repeat of bars 33 and 34* *Chord tones*

Chords: Cmi7, F7, Cmi7, F7, Bbma7, Db7, Gbma7, B7(#11)

41 *Chord tones* *CAT* *Chord* *11* *Chord tones*

Chords: Cmi7, F7, Cmi7, F7, Bbma7, Dmi7, G+7

45 *Arp.* *Chord tones*

Chords: Cmi7, F7, Cmi7, F7, Bb6/9, Eb7, Bbma7

49 *Scale* *CAT* *CAT* *Scale* *13* *CAT* *9* *7* *b5* *3* *5* *Scale*

Chords: D7

53 *Scale* *CAT* *3* *Scale* *Root* *Root* *3 Note motif* *Repeated*

Chords: C7, F7sus, Cb7(#11)

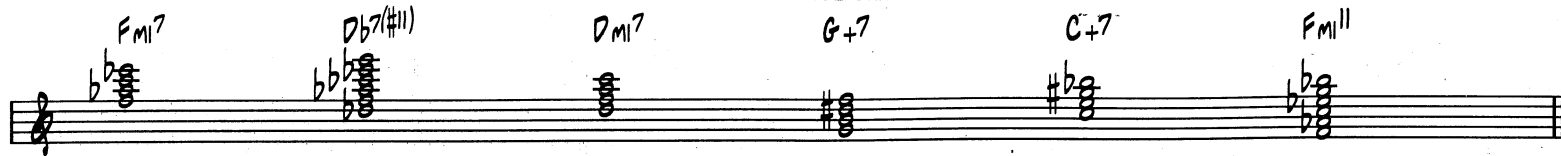
57 *Development of 3 note motif*

Chords: Cmi7, F7, Cmi7, F7, Bbma7, Eb7(#11), Dmi7, G7

61 *Arp.* *Chord tones*

Chords: Cmi7, F7, Cmi7, F7, Gbma7, Cb7(#11), Bbma7

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

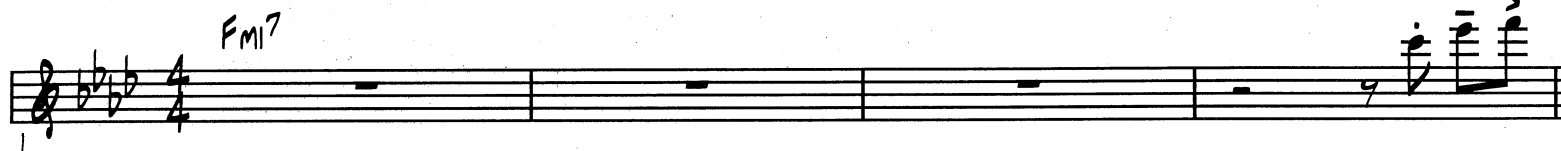


CD Tracks 7/25

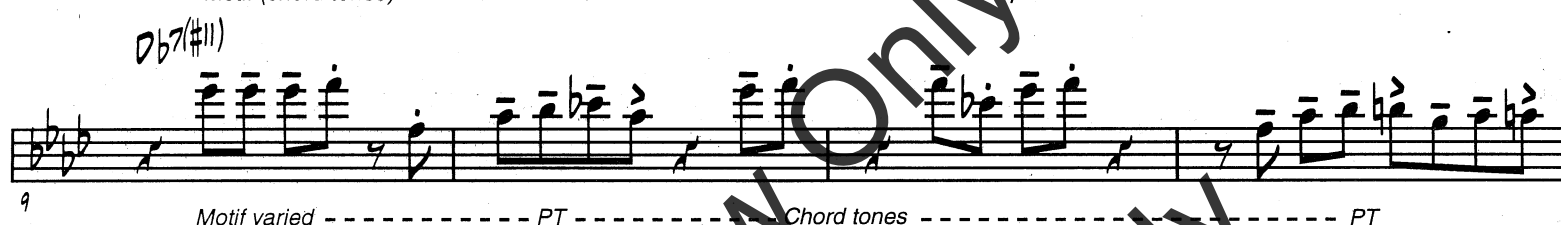
Isle Of Melon

by Jeff Jarvis

ROCK ♩ = 120



1ST CHORUS Fm17



20691

33 *Fm11⁷* 9 Arp. ----- BN 11 Scale motif ----- Repeated -----

3RD CHORUS

37 *Fm11⁷* Motif - PT ----- Motif repeated and varied -----

41 *Db7(#11)* Arp. ----- Scale tones ----- 5 7 5

45 *Dm11⁷* 9 Chord tones ----- 11 5 Scale tones -----

49 *Fm11⁷* Scale tones ----- BN ----- BN ----- Arp. ----- BN -----

4TH CHORUS

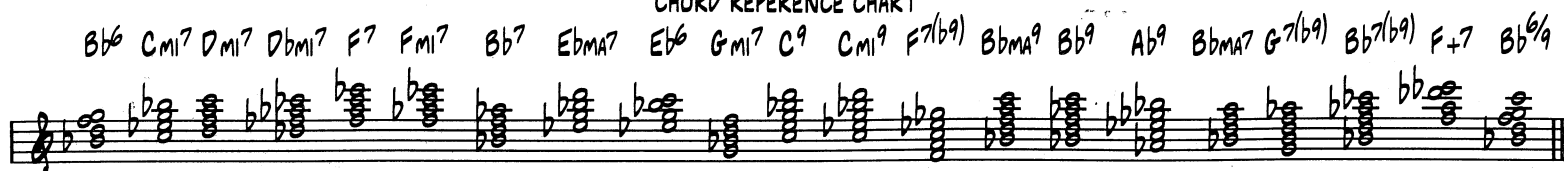
53 *Fm11⁷* Cliché ----- 9 Arp. ----- BN ----- Scale tones

57 *Db7(#11)* Arp. ----- 13 ----- 13 ----- Chromatic

61 *Dm11⁷* Chord and scale tones -----

65 *Fm11⁷* 7 ----- Chord tones ----- Arp. ----- Bluesy phrase ----- 7 *G+7* *C+7* *Fm11⁷*

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

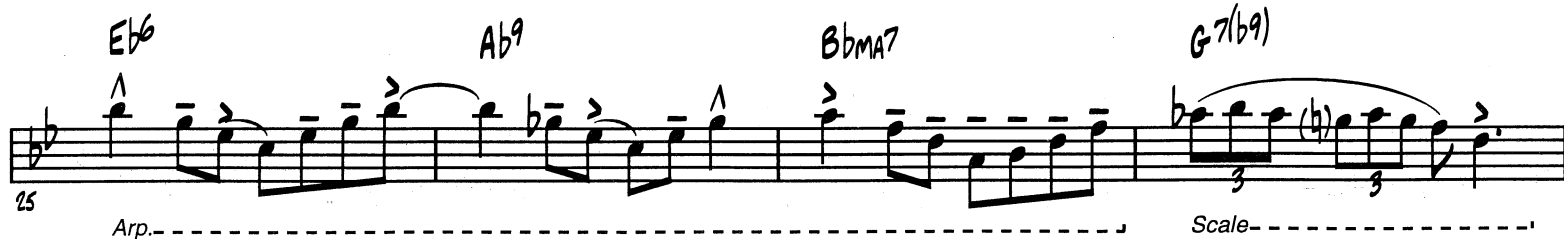
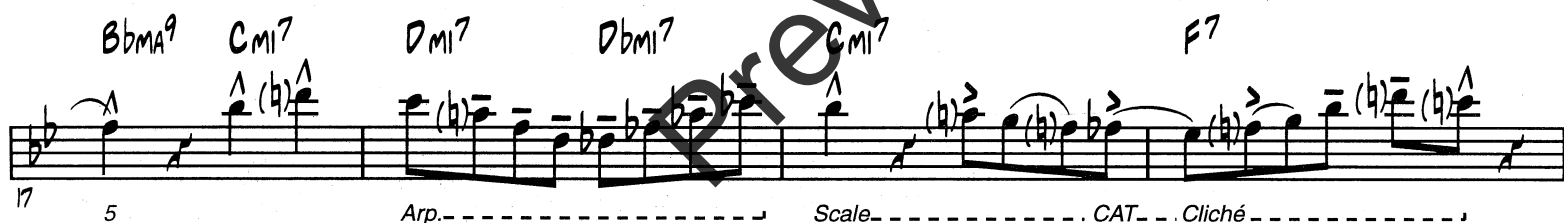
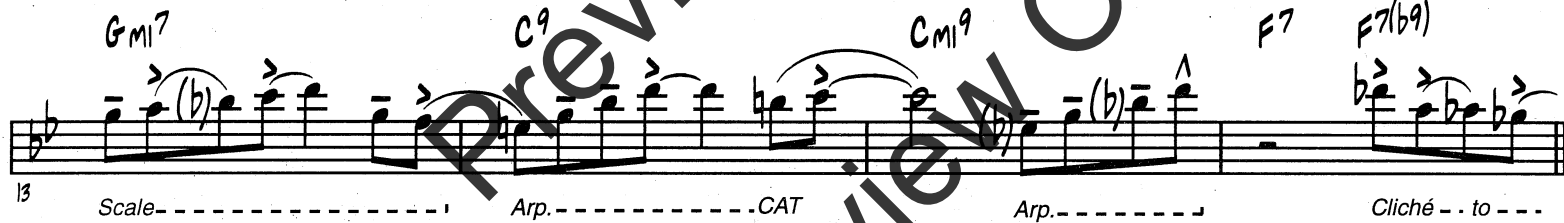


CD Tracks 8/26

It's From Heaven

by Mike Carubia

SWING ♩ = 132



29 **2ND CHORUS** *Arp* *BN* *CAT* *Arp*

33 *Scale* *Chord tones* *LN* *Scale*

37 *Cliché* *Chord tones* *(CAT)* *Scale* *Motif*

41 *Repeated motif* *Scale* *Arp*

45 *Sequence of bars 40 - 41* *Scale* *Arp* *CAT* *Arp* *CAT* *b9*

49 *Chord tones* *Arp* *CAT*

53 *5* *Scale* *UN* *CAT* *Chord tones*

57 *Arp*

61 *Arp* *LN* *CAT* *CAT* *CAT* *Arp* *11* *#5* *9*

20691

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

Handwritten chord reference chart for the key of Bb major. The chart lists 24 chords across two staves, each with a corresponding fingering diagram. The chords are: F6, Fmi7, Bb9, Eb6, Ebmi7, Ab9, Dbma7, Gmi7(b9), C7(b9), Fmi6, Fma7, Ami7, Abmi7, Gmi7, D7(b9), Fma9, Fmi9, and Gb9(b9).

CD Tracks 9/27

The Moon Is High

by Mike Carubia

SWING ♩ = 138

First staff of music (measures 1-4). Chords: F6, Fmi7, Bb9. Includes a "Scale notes" section with a 3-measure sequence.

Second staff of music (measures 5-8). Chords: Eb6, Ebmi7, Ab9. Includes a "Sequence of bars 1 - 4" section.

Third staff of music (measures 9-12). Chords: Dbma7, Gmi7(b9), C7(b9), Fmi6. Includes a "Scale" section with a 3-measure sequence.

Fourth staff of music (measures 13-16). Chords: Fma7, Ami7, Abmi7, Gmi7, C7(b9). Includes a "Scale" section with a 3-measure sequence and a "Chord 3" section.

Fifth staff of music (measures 17-20). Chords: F6, Fmi6, Bb9. Includes an "Arp." section with a 3-measure sequence.

Sixth staff of music (measures 21-22). Chords: Eb6, Ebmi6, Ab9. Includes an "Arp." section with a 3-measure sequence and a "Sequence of bars 21 - 22" section.

Seventh staff of music (measures 23-24). Chords: Dbma7, Gmi7(b9), C7(b9), Fma7. Includes an "Arp." section with a 3-measure sequence, a "Scale" section with a 5-measure sequence, and a "Chromatic" section.

29 *chord tones* -----

A_M7 *A_bM₁7* *G_M7* *C7(b9)* *F6* *D7(b9)* *G_M7* *C7(b9)* *F6*

33 *2ND CHORUS* *F_MA₉* *F_M1₉* *B_b9*

3 LN *Arp.* ----- *Scale* -----

Sequence of bars 33 - 34 -----

37 *E_b6* *E_bM₁7* *A_b9*

Cliché from scale notes -----

Sequence of bars 37 - 38 -----

41 *D_bM_A7* *G_M7(b5)* *C7(b9)* *F_M1₆*

Arp. ----- *Cliché* ----- *Arp.* ----- 3

Scale -----

45 *F_MA₇* *A_M7* *A_bM₁7* *G_M7* *C7(b9)*

Cliché *Arp. w/ LN* ----- *LN* ----- *LN* ----- *Scale* ----- *Arp.* ----- *Sequences* -----

49 *F6* *F_M1₆* *B_b9*

LN (blues feel) *Repeated* -----

Sequence of bars 49 - 50 -----

53 *E_b6* *E_bM₁6* *A_b9*

Sequence of bars 49 - 52 down a step to match chords -----

57 *D_bM_A7* *G_M7(b5)* *C7(b9)* *F_MA₇*

Arp. cliché ----- 3 ----- *Scale tones* -----

61 *A_M7* *A_bM₁7* *G_M7* *C7(#9)* *F6* *G_b9(b5)* *F_MA₉*

Arp. ----- 11 ----- 9 ----- *Root* ----- 5 ----- 3 ----- *Root #9* ----- LN ----- *Root* ----- 7 ----- 9 -----

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

CD Tracks 10/28

Blue Note Blues

by Jeff Jarvis

SHUFFLE ♩ = 144

29 *Chord tones* ----- *Cliché* #9 -----

Bb7 *F7* *D7sus* *D+7*

33 ----- *Rhythmic idea continued* ----- *Bluesy line* -----

G7sus *G7* *C7sus* *C7* *A+7* *D+7* *Gmi7* *C7*

4TH CHORUS 37 ----- *Another bluesy line* -----

F7 *B7(#11)* *Bb7sus* *Bb7* *F7* *Db7* *Cmi7* *B7(#11)*

41 ----- *Cliché* ----- *Chord tones* 13 #11 9 -----

Bb7 *F7* *Eb7* *D7sus* *D+7*

45 ----- *Lead into 9* ----- *Bluesy line (blues scale)* -----

G7sus *G7* *C9* *F7* *D+7* *G+7* *C+7*

5TH CHORUS 49 ----- *Continuation of previous idea* -----

F7 *B7(#11)* *Bb7sus* *Bb7* *F7* *Cmi7* *F+7(b9)*

CAT *Scale cliché*

53 ----- *Chord tones (bluesy)* ----- *Cliché* -----

Bb7 *Bb7sus* *Bb7* *F7* *D7* *D+7* *G7sus*

57 ----- *Chord tones* ----- *Scale* ----- *BN* ----- *Arp.* ----- 13 13 -----

G7 *C7sus* *C7* *A+7* *D+7* *G7* *Gb7(#11)* *F7(#11)*

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

Chord reference chart showing various chords and their corresponding notes on a staff:

- Cm17
- Dm17(b9)
- G+7
- Bb7(#9)
- EbmA7
- Eo
- Fm17
- D+7
- Bb7(b9)
- D7(b9)
- Cm1(MA7)

CD Tracks 11/29

Softly

by Jeff Jarvis

SWING ♩ = 144

First staff of music (measures 1-4) with chords: Cm17, Dm17(b9), G+7, Cm17, Dm17(b9), G+7. Includes annotations: "Chord based motif" and "Motif repeated and varied".

Second staff of music (measures 5-8) with chords: Cm17, Dm17(b9), G+7, Cm17, Dm17(b9), G+7. Includes annotation: "Motif repeated and extended".

Third staff of music (measures 9-12) with chords: Cm17, Dm17(b9), G+7, Cm17, Dm17(b9), G+7. Includes annotations: "Fragment of original motif" and "Fragments extended".

Fourth staff of music (measures 13-16) with chords: Cm17, Dm17(b9), G+7, Cm17, Bb7(#9). Includes annotations: "Scale tones" and "CAT 3 Cliché".

Fifth staff of music (measures 17-20) with chords: EbmA7, Bb7. Includes annotations: "Scale" and "CAT".

Sixth staff of music (measures 21-24) with chords: Fm17, D+7, Dm17(b9), G+7. Includes annotations: "Scale" and "Arp. #5 R #9 #5".

Seventh staff of music (measures 25-28) with chords: Cm17, Dm17(b9), G+7, Cm17, Dm17(b9), G+7. Includes annotations: "Chord tones", "BN 5 #5", "CAT Arp.", "CAT", "5 CAT #5".

29 *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7* *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7*
 Arp. 3 LN #5 5 Arp. Chromatic

33 *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7* *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7*
 New motif Motif extended

37 *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7* *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7*
 Chord tones BN BN Root Arp. 3 LN UN

41 *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7* *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7*
 Motif 8va Motif varied

45 *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7* *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *Bb7(b9)*
 9 Chord tones 3 BN Chord tones CAT Chord tones

49 *EbmA7* *Fm7* *D7(b9)* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7*
 Cliché 3 Scale CAT

53 *Fm17* *D7(b9)* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7*
 Chord tones Scale cliché Arp.

57 *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7* *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7*
 9 3 BN(MA7) Chord tones BN Scale tones

61 *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7* *Cm17* *Dm17(bs)* *G+7* *Cm17(MA7)*
 Scale tones Chord tone 3 Note motif CAT 9

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

EbMA7 Dmi7(b9) G7 Cmi7 B+7 Bbmi7 Eb7 AbMA7 Db7(#11) F7 Fmi7 Bb7 A+7
 Ami7(b9) D7 Ab7(#11) Gmi7 C7(b9) Bb7(b9) Bb+7 B7 D+7 Db7 C7 Eb7(#11)

CD Tracks 12/30

You're The Last One

by Jeff Jarvis

SWING ♩ = 144

EbMA7 Dmi7(b9) G7
 Chord tones 9 CAT Root Arp. 5 Scale 11
 Cmi7 B+7 Bbmi7 Eb7
 CAT 3 CAT Arp. CAT 3 Arp. Cliché
 AbMA7 Db7(#11) EbMA7 Cmi7
 New motif 3 Sequence 7 Sequence 5 Chord tones
 F7 Fmi7 Bb7
 13 9 Scale 9 Scale Dim. scale
 EbMA7 Dmi7(b9) G7
 17 5 *Double CAT Repeated 3 Sequence of m. 17 - 18 Scale 3 CAT
 Cmi7 B+7 Bbmi7 Eb7 A+7
 21 11 9 3 CAT Root CAT 5 Arp.
 AbMA7 Db7(#11) EbMA7 Ami7(b9) D7
 25 Chord tones PT #11 13 9 Scale Arp. Double CAT Chord tones

20691 *Ab to G, F# to G

Ebma7 Ab7(#11) Gmi7 C7(b9) Fmi7 Bb7(b9) Ebma7 Bb+7
 29 Arp. ----- PT Arp. ----- CAT 3 b9 CAT b5 Arp. -----
 2ND CHORUS
 Ebma7 Dmi7(b5) G7
 33 9 CAT Scale ----- b5 Rhythmic motif -- Chord tones and extensions -----
 Cmi7 B7 Bbmi7 Eb7 A+7
 37 9 Double CAT CAT Chord tones Cliché (Arp.) ----- CAT Scale ----- CAT
 Abma7 Db7(#11) Ebma7 Cmi7
 41 Chord tones Arp. ----- 5 Arp. ----- Cliché -----
 F7 Fmi7 Bb7
 45 Motif ----- Repeated ----- Chromatic 3 Dim. cliché -----
 Ebma7 Dmi7(b5) G7
 49 Arp. ----- Scale ----- b5 Scale ----- Chord tones -----
 Cmi7 Bbmi7 Eb7 A+7
 53 Cliché ----- PT 6 9 Arp. ----- 5 #5 CAT 5 of Ab
 Abma7 Db7(#11) Ebma7 Am7(b5) D7 Ebma7 D+7 Db7
 57 Arp. ----- 13 LN 13 Cliché ----- CAT Chord tones ----- Scale -#5 -----
 C7 Fmi7 Bb7(b9) Ebma7 Bb+7 Eb7(#11)
 61 13 Scale 3 11 Scale #9 b9 b5 Arp. ----- 9 -----

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

Bb6 Gmi7 Cmi7 F7 Bb9 Eb6 Ebmi7 Cmi9 F7(b9) F9 D9 G9 C9 Cmi9 F9 F7(b9) B0 C#0 G7(b9) Ab9
 G7(b9) C7(b9) F+7 Bb6/9 E9 Eb6/9 E0 Bbma9/F Dbo Ami7 D7(b9) Dmi7 Gmi9 Bb6/D Bb6/F G+7 Bb7(#11)

CD Tracks 13/31

I Got Yer Rhythm!

by Mike Carubia

SWING ♩ = 160

Bb6 Gmi7 Cmi7 F7 Bb6 Gmi7 Cmi7 F7
 Chord tones ----- CAT ----- 5 ----- PT Arp ----- CAT ----- Scale -----
 Bb6 Bb9 Eb6 Ebmi7 Bb6 Gmi7 Cmi9 F7
 5 Chord tones 7 ----- CAT ----- 3 ----- 3 ----- 5 ----- PT Arp ----- CAT ----- Arp -----
 Bb6 Gmi7 Cmi7 F7(b9) Bb6 Gmi7 Cmi7 F9
 9 LN Cliché ----- Cliché ----- 5 ----- Scale tones -----
 Bb6 Bb9 Eb6 Ebmi7 Bb6 F7(b9) Bb6
 13 Scale ----- Arp ----- CAT ----- Arp ----- BN UN
 D9 G9
 17 Chord tones ----- 9 ----- 5 ----- 6 (13) ----- Scale ----- CAT ----- Scale -----
 C9 Cmi9 F9 F7(b9)
 21 Sequence of m. 17 - 18 ----- Cliché (learn this one!) -----
 Bb6 B0 Cmi7 C#0 Bb6 G7(b9) Cmi7 F9
 25 5 Chord tones ----- CAT ----- Scale -----

29 *Bb9* *Eb6* *Ab9* *Bb6* *G7(#9)* *C7(b9)* *F+7Bb9*

3 *CAT* 3 7 *Blues scale to tonic* (Bb)

33 *2ND CHORUS* *Bb6/9* *G7(#9)* *Cmi9* *F7(b9)* *Bb6/9* *G7(b9)* *Cmi9* *F7(b9)*

37 *Chord tones* *CAT* *Scales*

41 *Bb6/9* *E9* *Eb6/9* *E0* *BbMA9/F* *G7(b9)* *Cmi9* *F9* *Bb6/9*

47 *Scales* *CAT* *Arp.* 5 *Arp.*

51 *Bb6* *Dbo* *Cmi7* *Dbo* *Bb6* *Dbo* *Cmi7* *Bb6* *Dbo* *Cmi7* *Dbo*

55 *Blues lick* *Repeated and varied*

59 *Bb6* *Dbo* *Cmi7* *F7* *Bb6* *Ami7* *D7(b9)*

63 *Line leading to chord* 3 3 *Chord tones* *Scale*

67 *G9* *Dmi7* *G9* *Gmi9* *C9*

71 *Arp.* *CAT* *Cliché* *Arp.* *CAT*

75 *F9* *Cmi9* *F9* *F+7* *Bb6/9* *G7(b9)* *Cmi7* *C#0*

79 *Chord tones* *CAT* *Arp.*

83 *Bb6/D* *G7(b9)* *Cmi9* *F7(b9)* *Bb6* *E9* *Eb6* *E0*

87 *Arp.* *Scale* *CAT* 3 *Arp.* *CAT*

91 *Bb6/F* *G+7* *Cmi7* *F9* *Bb6* *Bb7(#11)*

95 5 #5 LN 13 Root #11

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

Handwritten chord reference chart showing various chords and their corresponding notes on a staff. The chords listed include: Fmi7, Bbmi7, Eb7, Abma7, Dbma7, Dmi7, G7, Cma7, Cmi7, Bmi7, E7, Ebma7, D7(b9), D7(#9), Gma7, Ami7, D7, F#mi7(b9), B7, Ema7, C+7, Emi7, A7, Gb7, B0, Gmi7(b9), C7(#9), C7(b9), Ami7(b9), B0, Ab7, and A7(#11).

CD Tracks 14/32

The Sum Of Your Attributes

by Jeff Jarvis

SWING ♩ = 132

Handwritten musical score for "The Sum Of Your Attributes" by Jeff Jarvis. The score is in 4/4 time, SWING, with a tempo of 132 beats per minute. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and accidentals. Chord symbols are written above the staff, including Fmi7, Bbmi7, Eb7, Abma7, Dbma7, Dmi7, G7, Cma7, Cmi7, Bmi7, E7, Ebma7, D7(b9), D7(#9), Gma7, Ami7, D7, F#mi7(b9), B7, Ema7, C+7, Emi7, A7, Gb7, B0, Gmi7(b9), C7(#9), C7(b9), Ami7(b9), B0, Ab7, and A7(#11). The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, and 29 indicated. Various musical techniques and patterns are labeled, including "Scale", "Arp.", "Chord tones", "CAT", "LN Chord LN", "Scale (cliché)", "3 note motif - sequences", "Chromatic", "Arp. (cliché)", "Dim. scale", "PT", "Cliché", and "9 of next chord".

Handwritten musical score for piano, featuring various chords and melodic lines. The score is divided into systems, with measures numbered 33, 37, 41, 45, 49, 53, 57, 61, 66, and 70. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats).

Chords and Harmonic Progressions:

- Measures 33-36: Bbm7, Eb7, AbMA7, Gm7(b5), C7(#9), C7(b9)
- Measures 37-40: Fm7, Bbm7, Eb7, Eb7(b9), AbMA7, Cmi7
- Measures 41-44: Dm7, G7, CMA7, Scale, Cliché (scale tones), CAT
- Measures 45-48: Fm7, Bbm7, E7, EbMA7
- Measures 49-52: AbMA7, Am7(b5), D7, GMA7
- Measures 53-56: Am7, D7, GMA7, Scale
- Measures 57-60: F#m7(b5), B7, Fm7, C+7(b), Rhythmic motif (scales), Arp., Cliché, CAT, #9 b9 Root, #5
- Measures 61-64: Fm7, Bbm7, A7, AbMA7, D7, DbMA7
- Measures 65-68: Gb7, Cmi7, Bb7, Bbm7
- Measures 69-72: Eb7, Bbm7, E7, Bbm7, Eb7, A7, Ab7, A7(#11), AbMA7

Melodic and Rhythmic Annotations:

- Line from scale tones motif
- Chromatic
- Arp.
- Chord tones
- Scale
- Scale
- Cliché
- Cliché (scale tones)
- CAT
- LN
- PT
- Scale
- Scale
- Broken scale
- Arp.
- Scale
- Rhythmic motif (scales)
- Arp.
- Cliché
- CAT
- 3
- #9 b9 Root
- #5
- 9
- Arp.
- Scale
- 9 of next chord
- 3
- Arp.
- Cliché
- Dim. scale
- Arp.
- Chromatic scale
- Broken scale
- Root
- CAT
- Arp. #11 9 #11 9

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

C7(b9) Fm16 G7(b9) C6/9 Cm19 F7(b9) Bbm9 Ab13 G13 Cma9 G+7(#9)

CD Tracks 15/33

This Is Love

by Mike Carubia

SWING $\text{♩} = 96$

C7(b9) Fm16

1 Melodic sequence (chord tones) -----

G7(b9) C6/9

5 Altered DMI scale (b5) ----- Arp. ----- LN ----- CAT

C7(b9) Fm16

9 Dim scale ----- Arp. ----- Cliché ----- Sequence (3 notes)

G7(b9) C6/9

13 Sequence repeated ----- Scale tones -----

Cm19 F7(b9) Bbm9

17 Scale ----- Clichés ----- CAT (2)

Ab13 G13

21 Arp. ----- Sequence -----

C7(b9) Fm16

25 Arp. with fills ----- Blues scale ----- CAT 6

29 *G7(b9)* *CMA9*

2ND CHORUS *Dim. scale* *LN* *#5* *Chord tones*

33 *C7(b9)* *Fm16*

Dim. cliché *Dim. scale* *Cliché*

37 *G7(b9)* *C6/9*

Cliché *3* *Cliché*

41 *C7(b9)* *Fm16*

Dim. scale *Arp.* *#9* *Blues scale*

45 *G7(b9)* *G+7(#9)* *C6/9*

Scale *Arp.* *#9* *Arp. with LN* *LN*

49 *Cm19* *F7(b9)* *BMA9*

Chord cliché *Arp.* *Scale* *3* *Cliché*

53 *Ab13* *G13*

D♭ scale *#11* *C scale* *#11*

(Sequence of bars 53 - 54)

57 *C7(b9)* *Fm16*

Altered F scale *Arp.* *Cliché*

61 *G7(b9)* *CMA9* *C9(b5)*

Dim. cliché *Dim. scale* *CAT* *b5*

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

EbMA7 Cmi7 F7 F+7 Fmi7 Bb7 C+7(#9) Dmi7(bs) G+7 Bb7sus Bbmi7 Eb7 AbMA7 Abmi7 Db7 Eb/G C7(#9) Gmi7(bs) Bb7(#11) Eb6/9 G9(b9) Eb9(#11) E7(#11)
 G7 C7sus CbMA7 C#7

CD Tracks 16/34

My Glowing Moment

by Jeff Jarvis

SWING ♩ = 184

EbMA7 Cmi7 F7 F+7 Fmi7 Bb7
 Scales
 EbMA7 Cmi7 C+7(#9) Fmi7 Dmi7(bs) G+7
 5 5 ----- Arp. ----- Scale ----- #9 b9
 Cmi7 Dmi7(bs) G7 G+7
 9 4 Repeated scale steps Scale ----- #5 CAT Root 5
 Cmi7 F7 Bb7sus Bb7
 13 Scale tones ----- CAT ----- Scale tones ----- CAT ----- Arp. -----
 Bbmi7 Eb7 AbMA7
 17 Scale LN Scale ----- CAT 5 Root Cliché -----
 Abmi7 Db7 Eb/G C7(#9) Fmi7 Bb7
 21 Cliché ----- Arp. ----- 13
 EbMA7 Cmi7 Gmi7(bs) C7sus C+7(#9)
 25 5 ----- 7 Arp. ----- Cliché ----- Arp. ----- #9 CAT
 Fmi7 Bb7(#11) Eb6/9 C7(#9) Fmi7 Bb7
 29 9 Arp. ----- MA7 9 7 #11 Scale tones -----

2ND CHORUS

Handwritten musical score for the 2nd Chorus, featuring ten staves of music in B-flat major. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and accidentals, along with handwritten annotations for chords and techniques.

Chords and Annotations:

- Staff 1: EbMA7, Cmi7, F7, F+7, Fmi7, Bb7
- Staff 2: EbMA7, Cmi7, C+7(#9), Fmi7, Dmi7(b5), G7(b9), G+7
- Staff 3: Cmi7, Dmi7(b5), G7, G+7
- Staff 4: Cmi7, F7, Bb7sus, Bb7
- Staff 5: Bbmi7, Eb9(#11), AbMA7
- Staff 6: Abmi7, Db7, Eb/G, C7(#9), Fmi7, Bb7
- Staff 7: EbMA7, Fmi7, C7sus, C+7(#9)
- Staff 8: Fmi7, Bb7sus, C7sus, C+7(#9)
- Staff 9: Fmi7, Bb7sus, CbMA7, E7(#11), EbMA7

Techniques and Fingerings:

- Scale tones (multiple instances)
- Arp. (Arpeggio)
- CAT (Chord Arpeggio Technique)
- UN 13 (Unfingered 13th)
- BN (Basso Continuo)
- Cliché
- Chromatic
- Cliché (arp.)
- Scale
- CAT b5
- Chord tones

Fingerings: 3, 5, 9, 13, 11, 5, 5

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

F⁹ B^b9 E^b9 E^b7(b⁹) A^b6 B^bm⁷ B^o C⁷(b⁹) F^m1⁶ G^m1⁷(b⁵) A^b1³ G¹³ G^b1³ F¹³(b⁹) F⁹(#11) B^b9(#11) B^bm¹9 E^b7(b⁹)

CD Tracks 17/35

Sweet Georgia

by Mike Carubia

SWING ♩ = 176

1 F⁹

Chord tones Double CAT Chord tones Double CAT 3 Root CAT 7

5 B^b9

Sequence of m. 1 - 4 (adjusting notes to fit chords)

9 E^b9 E^b7(b⁹)

Scale Arp. Scale Cliché (Arp.)

13 A^b6 B^bm⁷ B^o A^b6 C⁷(b⁹)

Arp. UN Cliché 3rds Arp.

17 F⁹

5 Cliché 7 Cliché

21 B^b9

5 Motif - repeated 3 times Scale #11 Cliché

25 F^m1⁶ G^m1⁷(b⁵) C⁷(b⁹) F^m1⁶ G^m1⁷(b⁵) C⁷(b⁹)

Arp. Scale Arp. Scale

29 *Ab13 G13 Gb13 F13(b9) Bb9 Eb7(b9) Ab6*
 2ND CHORUS
 Arp. ----- Scale ----- 3 CAT Arp. -----

33 *F9(#11)*
 Triad motif - sequences - #11 ----- #11 ----- #11 ----- 3 ----- Scale ----- CAT

37 *Bb9(#11)*
 3 CAT Scale ----- Motif from m.33 ----- Scale notes -----

41 *Eb9* *Eb7(b9)*
 Scale motif ----- Repeated ----- Rhythmic motif repeated ----- Scale ----- CAT

45 *Ab6 Bbm17 B° Ab6 Gm17(b5) C7(b9)*
 Arp. ----- 5 CAT Scale ----- Arp. -----

49 *F9*
 Scale ----- 7 ----- Cliché -----

53 *Bb9*
 3 Motif ----- Motif repeated ----- CAT

57 *Fm16 Gm17(b5) C7(b9) Fm16 Gm17(b5) C7(b9)*
 Arp. ----- Cliché ----- CAT ----- Blue note scale ----- Root -----

61 *Ab13 G13 Gb13 F13(b9) Bb9 Eb7(b9) Ab6*
 Arp. ----- 3 Blues scale ----- Scale -----

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

G^m11 C7(b9) F^mA7 Bb9(#11) A^m1⁹ D⁹ G^m1⁹ C⁹ F^mA⁹ Bbm1⁷ Eb7(b9) Abm⁷A7 Db9(#11) C^mA7 D^bo D^m1⁹

G⁺7 C^mA⁹ D7(#9) Bb⁹ D⁺7 C^m1⁷ F⁺7(b9) Bm1⁷(bs) A^m1⁷ Eb⁹ Ab⁹ D7(b9) F^m1⁷ Ab⁶ F7(b9) G^m1⁷ C⁺7

CD Tracks 18/36

It's Nobody For Me

by Mike Carubia

SWING ♩ = 184

1 Melodic motif chord tones Sequence

5 Scale Scale cliché Scale (CAT)

9 Scale cliché Arp. Dim. scale Chord cliché

13 3 Scale CAT Arp. #5 Arp. CAT #9

17 9 CAT Arp. Scale cliché Chord cliché

21 Scale LN 3 Scale Dim. scale

25 Scale LN Sequence Scale

CHORD REFERENCE CHART

Handwritten chord reference chart for the key of F major. The chart lists chords and their corresponding fingerings on a single staff:

F^{6/9} Dm⁷ Gm⁷ C⁷ D⁷ F⁷ Bbm⁷ Bbm⁷ Am⁷ F A⁷ G⁷ C⁷(b9) C⁺ F⁷(#11) D⁺ Cm⁷ Gb⁷(#11)

CD Tracks 19/37

I Got Rid Of 'Em

by Jeff Jarvis

SWING ♩ = 168

Handwritten musical score for "I Got Rid Of 'Em" in F major, 4/4 time, swing feel. The score is divided into measures 1 through 25, with various musical notations and chord changes.

Measures 1-4: Chord tones, CAT Scale, Arp., CAT-13

Measures 5-8: Cliché, Arp., Scale, LN-5

Measures 9-12: Arp., Scale, (cliché)

Measures 13-16: Arp., CAT Scale, Chord tones

Measures 17-20: Scale, Chromatic, 3 Chromatic, 7, 3, Root of next chord

Measures 21-24: CAT, 3 Arp., 3 CAT Chord

Measure 25: CAT

About the Composers

Mike Carubia

Mike received his Bachelor of Arts from C.W. Post College (Long Island NY) and his Masters degree in Theory and Composition from the University of Miami, Coral Gables, Florida. In addition, he did post graduate work at the Eastman Arrangers Workshop in 1970. He studied arranging privately with both Manny Albam and Ray Starling.



Mike has been a professional musician since age 15 and has been involved in all aspects of the music business. He taught at East Meadow High School (NY) for 8 years, then spent 3 years as Director of Jazz Studies at the University of Bridgeport in Connecticut. Mike taught theory and was the jazz ensemble director at Ward Melville High School (NY) from 1990 to 2005. As a performer, Mike has played on six national telethons, recorded over 60 CD's of industrial and sports library music, numerous commercials, 6 jazz albums and several pop and contemporary recordings. He has performed with Tony Bennett, Vic Damone, Englebert Humperdinck, Sammy Davis Jr., Jerry Vale, Lena Horne, Maxine Sullivan, and Frank Sinatra Jr. Mr. Carubia played five years with the Gerry Mulligan Concert Jazz Band, completing a five week world tour and a two week jazz cruise in the 1980's. His credits as a substitute trumpet player on Broadway numbers 25 different shows including *Sugar Babies*, *Les Miserables*, *42nd Street*, *Starlight Express*, *Sweet Charity*, *The Wiz*, *Fosse*, *Chicago* and *Saturday Night Fever*. Mike was a regular substitute for the Village Vanguard Orchestra from 1982 until 2004 and is still active playing in the New York city scene.

As a composer and arranger Mike has written and recorded over 175 original pieces of music for Omni Music, a music source for television and radio. He has also published over 150 jazz ensemble arrangements or compositions plus 4 books on jazz improvisation.

Mike played five years of professional baseball in the Baltimore Orioles and the Los Angeles Angels minor league systems. He made the major league roster as a pitcher for the Angels in 1963, but an arm injury forced retirement from the sport.

Jeff Jarvis

Jeff Jarvis has distinguished himself as a trumpeter, composer, jazz educator, and music publisher. He serves as Director of Jazz Studies at the Bob Cole Conservatory at California State University Long Beach and is an owner of Kendor Music, Inc., the first educational music publisher to provide jazz charts written especially for student musicians. He frequently appears as an honors jazz band conductor, trumpet soloist, clinician and lecturer. Jeff served as Vice-President of the International Association For Jazz Education and is the Music Director Emeritus of the Central New York Jazz Orchestra.



His solo recordings as a jazz trumpeter and composer have placed high on national air play charts and have won him critical acclaim. Jeff's early career as a studio trumpeter encompasses over 100 recordings for such names as Lou Rawls, Michael Jackson, Melba Moore, The O'Jays and many more. Live performance credits include Dizzy Gillespie, Louis Bellson, Joe Williams, Benny Golson, Jon Hendricks, Jimmy Heath, Joe Lovano, Henry Mancini, Slide Hampton, Kevin Mahogany, Grady Tate, Eddie Daniels, Rob McConnell, and Doc Severinsen. Jeff is frequently commissioned to compose music for school, military and professional musical groups, along with serving as a contributing editor for *The Instrumentalist*, and writing for other music trade journals such as *Flute Talk*, *Band & Orchestra Product News*, and *Jazz Educators Journal*. Jarvis has co-authored *The Jazz Educators Handbook* with Doug Beach, a jazz piano book with Matt Harris entitled *The Chord Voicing Handbook*, and with Mike Carubia, *Effective Etudes For Jazz*, the standard in jazz performance/audition solos.

A Yamaha trumpet artist, Jeff has performed throughout the United States, Canada, Europe, Australia and Indonesia. He has most recently been featured with the USAF Airmen of Note, Syracuse Symphony Orchestra, Dallas Jazz Orchestra, US Army Jazz Ambassadors, Jazz Knights of the United States Military Academy Band at West Point, Riverside Jazz Orchestra, Oslo Big Band (Norway), US Army Blues, Frank Mantooth Jazz Orchestra, Denver Symphony Orchestra, USAF Shades of Blue, USAF Commanders Jazz Band and more.

About the Soloist

Rich Chiaraluce attended the United States Navy School of Music in Norfolk, Virginia then spent his tour of military duty in the NORAD Band in Colorado Springs, Colorado. After graduating from the University of Northern Colorado, Rich has performed with jazz greats Herb Ellis, Red Rodney, Nancy Wilson, Tony Bennett, and the Woody Herman Orchestra. Rich toured extensively with the Tommy Dorsey Orchestra under the direction of Buddy Morrow. At home, Rich performs regularly with the Colorado Symphony Orchestra, and for numerous touring musicals. Chiaraluce has recorded twice as a leader on releases entitled "Because I Love You" and "Live At Sherman's Coffee House".

About the Rhythm Section

Dave Hanson is an accomplished pianist, composer, arranger, and jazz educator. He teaches in the Jazz and Commercial Music Department at the Lamont School of Music, and has created orchestral arrangements for Paul Winter, Marvin Stamm, Nelson Rangell, that have been performed by the Boston Pops, National Repertory Orchestra, as well as the Pittsburgh, St. Louis, Houston, New Jersey, San Antonio, Fort Worth, Indianapolis, Utah, Colorado, Atlanta, Minnesota, Ukrainian and Colorado Springs Symphony Orchestras. Much of his big band music is published by Kendor Music.

Ron Bland has been a professional bassist for thirty years, playing virtually all styles of music in every setting from concert hall to theatre to the recording studio. At home on both the electric and double basses, he has performed with Dizzy Gillespie, George Benson, Eddie Daniels, Billy Taylor, Diane Schuur, Bill Watrous, Doc Severinson, Luciano Pavarotti, Rita Moreno, Marvin Hamlisch, Linda Ronstadt, Yes, Maureen McGovern, Rosemary Clooney and Billy Crystal.

Mike Marlier is the Director of Drum Set Studies at the Lamont School of Music at the University of Denver. He is also the music coordinator for the Cleo Parker Robinson Dance Ensemble, the staff drummer at the Heritage Christian Center, and plays and records with Dotsero, Nelson Rangell, and a host of other national artists.

Rhythm section and solo tracks (except trumpet) recorded at Rocky Mountain Recorders, Denver CO. Engineers: Paul Vastola, and Michael Pfeiffer

Flute tracks, mixing, and mastering done at DMS Productions, Ransomville NY. Engineer: Dave St. Onge.