

Suite No. 2

BWV 1067

Alto Saxophone & Piano / Organ

Arr.: Colette Mourey

Johann Sebastian Bach

EMR 93817

EMR 51827: Alto Saxophone & String Orchestra

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Colette Mourey



www.colettemourey.com

English: Colette Mourey was born in 1954 and forms future schoolteachers at the University of Franche-Comté in France. Since 2008 she has been working on her own theory of "hypertonicity", which is based on a larger scale than the octave, thus radically transforming atonal counterpoint techniques by allowing the reintroduction in this context of "natural consonances". At the same time this experiment allows the composer to create methods of musical initiation and education which embrace a wide spectrum of contemporary tendencies, both in the geographical and historical senses. The passage from atonality to hypertonicity is the result of her desire to bring serious contemporary composition and more popular trends closer together, whilst remaining within a complex musical organisation.

Français: Née en 1954, professeur à l'Université de Franche-Comté, France, où elle enseigne aux professeurs des écoles en formation, Colette Mourey travaille sur l'élaboration d'une "hypertonalité", qu'elle a inventée, de 2008 à 2010. Cette "hypertonalité", qui repose sur des échelles supérieures à l'octave, et qui transforme radicalement les techniques de contrepoint atonal, permet la réintroduction dans ce contexte de "consonances" "naturelles". Parallèlement, cette expérimentation permet à la compositrice de fonder des méthodes d'éveil musical ou de formation musicale plus largement ouvertes sur tous les courants contemporains, géographiquement et historiquement. Son passage, de l'atonalité à l'hypertonalité, est la résultante du souhait qu'elle émet, de rapprocher composition contemporaine et "grand public", tout en restant dans une organisation musicale complexe.

Deutsch: Colette Mourey wurde 1954 geboren, und unterrichtet zur Zeit zukünftige Schullehrer an der Universität der Franche-Comté (Frankreich). Seit 2008 entwickelt sie ihre eigene Theorie der "Hypertonalität", die auf einer Skala beruht, die grösser als die Oktave ist. Diese Erfindung verwandelt grundsätzlich die Technik des atonalen Kontrapunktes, so dass "natürliche Konsonanzen" in diesem Zusammenhang wieder eingeführt werden können. Gleichzeitig erlaubt dieses Experiment der Komponistin, neue Erziehungsmethoden zu gründen, die eine breitere Öffnung zu allen zeitgenössischen Stilrichtungen einführt, im geographischen sowie auch im geschichtlichen Sinn. Dieser Übergang von der Atonalität zur Hypertonalität ist das Ergebnis ihres Wunsches, ernste zeitgenössische Komposition und andere, eher populäre Stile näher zusammenzubringen, aber doch innerhalb einer komplexen Musikstruktur.



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Johann Sebastian Bach (Arr.: Colette Mourey)

Français: Suite No. 2 (BWV 1067) de Johann Sebastian Bach est l'une des œuvres les plus emblématiques du répertoire baroque, alliant élégance, virtuosité et raffinement contrapuntique. Composée à Leipzig, cette suite se distingue par sa succession de danses stylisées et par son célèbre Badinerie, devenu une pièce incontournable du patrimoine musical occidental.

Dans cet arrangement, **Colette Mourey** propose une relecture respectueuse et inspirée de la partition originale. Sa vision met en valeur la clarté des lignes mélodiques et la richesse de l'écriture bachienne, tout en offrant une respiration contemporaine qui renouvelle l'écoute.

Le soin porté à la texture, à l'équilibre des voix et à la dynamique globale préserve l'esprit baroque tout en facilitant l'accès à l'œuvre pour un large éventail d'interprètes.

Cette adaptation permet ainsi d'apprécier sous un nouveau jour le génie de Bach, dont la musique traverse les siècles avec une intensité et une fraîcheur toujours intactes.

English: The Suite No. 2 (BWV 1067) by Johann Sebastian Bach is one of the most celebrated works of the Baroque repertoire, combining elegance, virtuosity, and refined contrapuntal writing. Composed in Leipzig, it is distinguished by its sequence of stylized dances and by the famous Badinerie, which has become a true icon of Western musical heritage.

In this arrangement, **Colette Mourey** offers a respectful yet inspired reinterpretation of the original score. Her approach highlights the clarity of the melodic lines and the richness of Bach's writing, while bringing a contemporary freshness to the music.

Attention to texture, balance among the voices, and overall dynamic shape preserves the Baroque spirit and makes the work accessible to a broad range of performers.

This adaptation invites listeners to rediscover Bach's genius from a renewed perspective—music that continues to resonate with intensity and brilliance across the centuries.

Deutsch: Die Suite Nr. 2 (BWV 1067) von Johann Sebastian Bach zählt zu den bedeutendsten Werken des Barockrepertoires und verbindet Eleganz, Virtuosität und feine kontrapunktische Kunst. Entstanden in Leipzig, zeichnet sie sich durch eine Abfolge stilisierter Tänze sowie durch die berühmte Badinerie aus, die zu einem festen Bestandteil des musikalischen Weltkulturerbes geworden ist.

In diesem Arrangement bietet **Colette Mourey** eine respektvolle und zugleich inspirierte Neuinterpretation der Originalpartitur. Ihre Sichtweise hebt die Transparenz der melodischen Linien und den Reichtum der bach'schen Schreibweise hervor, während sie dem Werk zugleich eine zeitgenössische Frische verleiht.

Besonderer Wert wird auf Klangtextur, Stimmgleichgewicht und dynamische Gestaltung gelegt, wodurch der barocke Geist bewahrt und zugleich ein breiter Kreis von Interpretinnen und Interpreten angesprochen wird.

Diese Bearbeitung ermöglicht es, Bachs Genie aus einer neuen Perspektive zu erleben – eine Musik, die über Jahrhunderte hinweg nichts von ihrer Intensität und Strahlkraft verloren hat.



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ALTO
SAXOPHONE

Suite No. 2

BWV 1067

I Overture

Johann Sebastian Bach
(1685-1750)
Arr.: Colette Mourey

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is illegal!

Grave $\text{♩} = 60$

(silenzios
aggiuntos ad lib.)



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Suite No. 2

BWV 1067

I

Ouverture

Johann Sebastian Bach

(1685-1750)

Arr.: Colette Mourey

Grave ♩ = 60
(silenzios
aggiuntos ad lib.)

Alto Saxophone

Piano /
Organ

4

7

10

A

fp

cresc.

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II Rondo

Allegretto espressivo ♩ = 108

The musical score is written for piano and features a melody in the right hand and accompaniment in the left hand. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto espressivo' with a quarter note equal to 108 beats per minute. The dynamics are marked *mf* (mezzo-forte) at the beginning of measures 1 and 3, *f* (forte) at the beginning of measure 5, and *p* (piano) at the beginning of measure 7. The score includes a repeat sign at the end of measure 6, followed by a first ending marked '(ad lib.)' and a second ending marked '(L.H.)'.

Measures 1-2: *mf*

Measures 3-4: *mf*

Measures 5-6: *f*

Measures 7-8: *p* (ad lib.)

Measure 9: (L.H.)

III Sarabande

Andante ♩ = 66

The musical score is written for a single melodic instrument and piano accompaniment. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked 'Andante' with a quarter note equal to 66 beats per minute. The score is divided into four systems, each containing two staves. Measure numbers 4, 8, and 12 are indicated at the start of their respective systems. Dynamics include piano (*p*), crescendo (*cresc.*), mezzo-forte (*mf*), decrescendo (*dim.*), and fortissimo (*sfz*). Trills are marked with 'tr' and wavy lines. The piano part features a steady eighth-note accompaniment in the right hand and a more active bass line in the left hand.

Measures 1-3: Melody begins with a half note F#4, followed by quarter notes G#4, A4, and B4. The piano accompaniment starts with a half note F#3 in the right hand and a half note F#2 in the left hand.

Measures 4-7: The melody continues with a half note C5, followed by quarter notes D5, E5, and F#5. The piano accompaniment features a crescendo in both hands.

Measures 8-11: The melody continues with a half note G5, followed by quarter notes A5, B5, and C6. The piano accompaniment features a decrescendo in both hands.

Measures 12-14: The melody concludes with a half note D6, followed by quarter notes E6, F#6, and G6. The piano accompaniment features a fortissimo dynamic in both hands.

IV Bourrée 1

Allegro $\text{♩} = 96$
seconda volta *mp*

Measures 1-6 of the Bourrée 1. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The first system shows measures 1-4, and the second system shows measures 5-6. Dynamics include *f*, *cresc.*, *dim.*, and *cresc.*.

Measures 7-12 of the Bourrée 1. The music continues with piano and forte dynamics. Measures 7-8 include a trill and a decrescendo. Measures 9-12 continue the melodic and harmonic development. Dynamics include *f*, *dim.*, *mf*, and *f*.

Measures 13-18 of the Bourrée 1. The music includes a repeat sign and a 'N' marking. Dynamics range from piano to fortissimo. Measures 13-14 show a decrescendo, followed by a fortissimo section in measures 15-18. Dynamics include *dim.*, *sfz*, *cresc.*, and *sfz*.

Measures 19-24 of the Bourrée 1. The music concludes with a ritardando. Dynamics include *sfz*, *cresc.*, *sfz*, *cresc.*, *f*, and *dim.*.

V

Bourrée 2

19

L'istesso tempo

seconda volta mp

First system of the musical score. The treble clef staff begins with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, marked *p dolce*. The piano accompaniment consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with chords and single notes, also marked *p dolce*.

4

Second system of the musical score, starting at measure 4. The treble clef staff continues the melodic line. The piano accompaniment features chords and moving lines in both hands, with a *be* (breath mark) above a note in the right hand.

7

Third system of the musical score, starting at measure 7. The treble clef staff shows a continuation of the melody. The piano accompaniment includes chords and moving lines, with a *p* (piano) dynamic marking in the right hand.

10

Fourth system of the musical score, starting at measure 10. The treble clef staff includes a *rit.* (ritardando) marking and a *p* (piano) dynamic marking at the end. The piano accompaniment features chords and moving lines, with a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking in the left hand and a *tr* (trill) marking in the right hand.

VI Polonaise

Moderato ♩ = 66

Measures 1-4 of the Polonaise. The music is in 3/4 time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is Moderato, marked with a quarter note equal to 66 beats per minute. The score features a melody in the right hand and a harmonic accompaniment in the left hand. Dynamics include *mf* (mezzo-forte), *p* (piano), and *dim.* (diminuendo). Trills are indicated in measures 3 and 4.

Measures 5-7 of the Polonaise. Measure 5 begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes the instruction "ossia" above the staff. The melody continues with a trill in measure 6. The piano accompaniment provides a steady harmonic support.

Measures 8-10 of the Polonaise. The music continues with a dynamic range from *dim.* (diminuendo) to *p* (piano). The piano accompaniment features a consistent rhythmic pattern of eighth notes.

Measures 11-13 of the Polonaise. Measure 11 starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a ritardando (*rit.*) marking. The melody concludes with a trill in measure 12. The piano accompaniment also features a trill in measure 12.

VII Menuet

Allegretto ♩ = 108

The first system of the Minuet, measures 1-3. The right hand (treble clef) features a melodic line with a slur over measures 1 and 2, and a trill on the final note of measure 3. The left hand (bass clef) provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and a moving bass line. Both staves are marked *poco f*.

4

The second system of the Minuet, measures 4-6. The right hand continues the melodic development with a trill in measure 4. The left hand maintains the accompaniment pattern. The system concludes with a repeat sign at the end of measure 6.

7

The third system of the Minuet, measures 7-9. The right hand has a melodic phrase that ends with a repeat sign. The left hand continues its accompaniment. The system ends with a repeat sign at the end of measure 9.

10

The fourth system of the Minuet, measures 10-12. The right hand features a melodic line with a slur. The left hand provides a steady accompaniment. The system concludes with a repeat sign at the end of measure 12.

VIII Badinerie

Vivace ♩ = 120

5

10

15

f

mf

cresc.

f

p

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