

Viva Latina

2 Soprano Saxophones & Piano / Keyboard

Jérôme Naulais

EMR 87163

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Jérôme Naulais

English: Jérôme Naulais was born in 1951. He studied at the Paris Conservatoire where he received the first prize for solfège in 1970 and also for trombone in 1971. He played first trombone from 1974 to 1976 in the Orchestre National d'Ile de France, then from 1975 to 1982 in the Orchestre Colonne. He was director of the music school in Bonneuil-sur-Marne from 1980 to 1998. At present he is first trombone in the Ensemble Intercontemporain under the direction of Pierre Boulez, a position he has held since the creation of the ensemble in 1976.

At the same time he works for the Post Office and Telecom Music Club, where he is director of the music school and conductor of the wind band.

He has taught trombone at music schools in Antony, Fresnes, Sèvres and Vile d'Avray, as well as at international academies in France, Belgium and Japan. He has also a considerable career as a composer; his works have been performed in Japan, the U.S.A and Canada as well as in Europe. In 1984 *Labyrinthe* for seven brass players was commissioned by the Ensemble Intercontemporain and first performed at the Georges Pompidou Centre in Paris. *Images*, for seven brass and three percussionists, was performed at the Opéra Goude in July 1989. In January 2003 his musical tale *La machine* was performed at the Cité de la Musique by soloists of the Ensemble Intercontemporain, the childrens' chorus Sotto Voce from Créteil and the narrator Gilles Privat. This was also commissioned by the Ensemble Intercontemporain and sponsored by SACEM.

Apart from chamber music, he has also composed for orchestra and wind band.

He is very much involved in teaching, and has published tutors, studies and competition pieces.

Deutsch: Jérôme Naulais wurde 1951 geboren. Er studierte am Pariser Konservatorium, wo er 1970 den ersten Preis für Solfège und 1971 für Posaune erhielt. Er wirkte als Soloposaune beim *Orchestre National d'Ile de France* von 1974 bis 1976, dann von 1975 bis 1982 beim *Orchestre Colonne*. Er war Leiter der Musikschule in *Bonneuil-sur-Marne* von 1980 bis 1998.

Zurzeit ist er Soloposaune beim *Ensemble Intercontemporain* unter der Leitung von Pierre Boulez, dies seit der Gründung des Ensembles in 1976.

Gleichzeitig arbeitet er für den Musikklub der Post und des Telecoms, wo er die Musikschule leitet und das Blasorchester dirigiert. Er hat an Musikschulen in Antony, Fresnes, Sèvres und Vile d'Avray Posaune unterrichtet, sowie an internationalen Akademien in Frankreich, Belgien und Japan. Er widmet sich auch sehr erfolgreich der Komposition; seine Werke wurden in Japan, den Vereinigten Staaten, Kanada und Europa aufgeführt. 1984 wurde *Labyrinthe* für sieben Blechbläser (ein Auftrag des *Ensemble Intercontemporain*) am Georges-Pompidou-Zentrum in Paris uraufgeführt. *Images*, für sieben Blechbläser und drei Schlagzeuger wurde in Juli 1989 an der *Opéra Goude* erstmals gespielt. In Januar 2003 wurde seine musikalische Märchen *La machine* an der *Cité de la Musique* durch Solisten des *Ensemble Intercontemporain*, den Kinderchor Sotto Voce aus Créteil und den Erzähler Gilles Privat aufgeführt. Dies war auch ein Auftrag des *Ensemble Intercontemporain*, mit Unterstützung von SACEM.

Ausser Kammermusik, komponiert er auch für Symphonie- und Blasorchester.

Er widmet sich auch der Pädagogik, und hat verschiedene Methoden, Studien und Wettbewerbsstücke veröffentlicht.

Français: Jérôme Naulais (1951) après avoir été Première Médaille de Solfège (1970) Premier de Prix de Trombone (1971) au Conservatoire National Supérieur de Musique de Paris fut soliste à l'Orchestre National d'Ile de France (1974-1976) et à l'Orchestre Colonne (1975-1982) et Directeur de l'Ecole de Musique de Bonneuil sur Marne. (1980-1998).

Actuellement il est soliste à l'Ensemble Intercontemporain sous la direction de Pierre BOULEZ, et ce depuis 1976 date à laquelle fut créé cet Ensemble. Parallèlement, il est Directeur de l'Harmonie et de l'Ecole de Musique du Club Musical de La Poste et France Telecom de Paris.

Après avoir été également professeur de trombone aux Ecoles de Musique d'Antony, Fresnes, Sèvres et de l'E.N.M de Vile d'Avray, ainsi que dans des académies internationales (France, Belgique, Japon), il se dirige vers la composition. Quelques unes de ses oeuvres ont été présentées au Japon, U.S.A, Canada, en Europe et à Paris création en 1984 au Centre Georges Pompidou de « *Labyrinthe* » pour 7 cuivres, commande de l'Ensemble Intercontemporain et lors de la représentation de l'Opéra Goude (Juillet 1989) « *Images* » pour 7 cuivres et 3 percussions. En Janvier 2003, à la cité de la Musique, création par les solistes de l'Ensemble Intercontemporain, le Chœur d'enfants Sotto Voce de Créteil et Gilles Privat (récitant) du conte musical "La machine", commande de l'Ensemble Intercontemporain et du fonds d'action SACEM.

Il compose également pour musique de chambre, orchestres d'harmonie et symphonique.

Par ailleurs il se consacre à la pédagogie et édite des méthodes, études et pièces de concours.



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Viva Latina

Jérôme Naulais

Cha - cha ♩ = 142

1. Soprano Saxophone

2. Soprano Saxophone

Piano /
Keyboard

The first system of the musical score for 'Viva Latina'. It features two staves for Soprano Saxophone (1 and 2) and a grand staff for Piano/Keyboard. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats) and the time signature is 4/4. The tempo is marked 'Cha - cha ♩ = 142'. The piano part begins with a forte (f) dynamic. The saxophone parts are currently silent, indicated by whole rests.

A LA CUCARACHA

The second system of the musical score, starting at measure 6. It includes staves for two Soprano Saxophones and a grand staff for Piano/Keyboard. The piano part continues with a forte (f) dynamic. The saxophone parts enter in measure 6 with eighth-note patterns. The key signature remains B-flat major (two flats) and the time signature is 4/4.

The third system of the musical score, starting at measure 12. It continues the arrangement for two Soprano Saxophones and the Piano/Keyboard. The piano part maintains the forte (f) dynamic. The saxophone parts continue with their eighth-note patterns. The key signature remains B-flat major (two flats) and the time signature is 4/4.

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41 *rall.* Tango ♩ = 126

C EL CHOCLO

Measures 41-46 of the musical score for 'El Choclo'. The score is written for piano and features a melodic line in the right hand and a harmonic accompaniment in the left hand. The tempo is marked 'rall.' and the time signature is 2/4. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The dynamic marking *mf* (mezzo-forte) is present in measures 41, 42, and 45. The melody in the right hand consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, while the left hand provides a steady accompaniment with eighth notes and chords.

Measures 47-51 of the musical score for 'El Choclo'. The score continues with the same melodic and harmonic structure. The dynamic markings *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte) are used to indicate changes in volume. The melodic line in the right hand shows some chromatic movement, and the left hand continues with a consistent accompaniment pattern.

Measures 52-56 of the musical score for 'El Choclo'. The score continues with the same melodic and harmonic structure. The dynamic markings *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte) are used to indicate changes in volume. The melodic line in the right hand shows some chromatic movement, and the left hand continues with a consistent accompaniment pattern.

Measures 57-61 of the musical score for 'El Choclo'. The score continues with the same melodic and harmonic structure. The dynamic markings *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *f* (forte) are used to indicate changes in volume. The melodic line in the right hand shows some chromatic movement, and the left hand continues with a consistent accompaniment pattern.

62

62

mf

f

68

E

mf

mf

73

F LA CUMPARSITA

f

f

f

78

f

83

83

88

G

88

94

94

99

H

99

105

Latino rock ♩ = 140

Musical score for measures 105-110. The score is in 3/4 time with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). It features a piano introduction with a melodic line in the right hand and a rhythmic bass line in the left hand. The dynamics are marked *mf* (mezzo-forte).

111

I LA BAMBA

Musical score for measures 111-115. The score continues the piano introduction for "LA BAMBA". The right hand has a melodic line with some rests, and the left hand has a steady eighth-note bass line. The dynamics are marked *mf* (mezzo-forte).

116

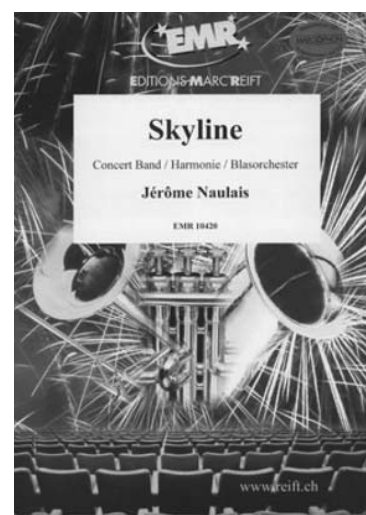
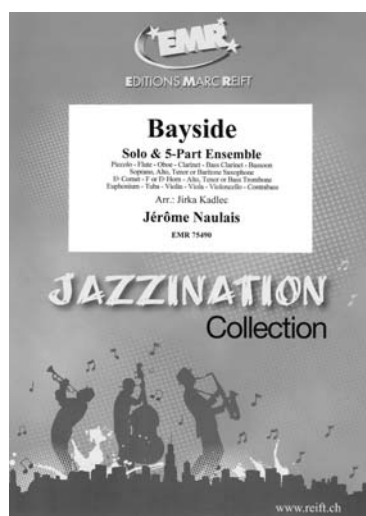
Musical score for measures 116-120. The piano introduction continues. The right hand has a melodic line with some rests, and the left hand has a steady eighth-note bass line. The dynamics are marked *mf* (mezzo-forte).

121

J

Musical score for measures 121-125. The score begins a new section marked "J". The right hand has a melodic line with some rests, and the left hand has a steady eighth-note bass line. The dynamics are marked *f* (forte).

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